

460MSAZR-N2E Protocol Gateway

Product User Guide

Firmware Version 8.8.37



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Revision History	6
Overview	8
Hardware Platforms	9
Hardware – N2E	
Powering the Gateway	
Mounting with a DIN Rail	
Installing	
Removing	
Accessing the Main Page	
Committing Changes to the Settings	
Main Page	
Device Configuration	
Network Configuration	
Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration	20
Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration-Data Groups	21
Auto-Configure Group by Device vs. Auto-Configure Group by Data Type	22
Group by Device (Default Method)	22
Group by Data Type	22
Modbus TCP/IP Server Data Group Configuration: Auto-Configure	23
Modbus TCP/IP Server Data Group Configuration: Manual Mode	24
Configure Read and Write Data Groups	25
MQTT Client Configuration	26
Microsoft Azure (AZR) Configuration	26
Configuring Subscribe and Publish Topics	27
Microsoft Azure Service Setup	29
Testing Microsoft Azure Communication	
Send data from Microsoft Azure to RTA gateway	41
Send data from RTA gateway to Microsoft Azure (Publish Topics)	43
QT Publish Trigger	45
Mapping - Transferring Data Between Devices	46
Display Mapping and Values	47
Display Data	47
Real Time Automation, Inc. 3	1-800-249-1612



Display String	50
Display String use case	52
Data and String Mapping – Auto-Configure	53
Data Mapping – Explanation	54
Data Mapping – Adding Diagnostic Information	55
String Mapping – Explanation	60
Mapping – Auto-Configure Mode to Manual Configure Mode	61
Mapping – Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mode	62
View as Text	63
Data Mapping	63
String Mapping	63
Base Triggering – Data Validiation Triggering	64
Security Configuration	66
Security Configuration-Security Levels	67
Security - Log In	68
Security - Log Out	
Email Configuration	69
Alarm Configuration	70
Diagnostics – Alarm Status	72
Alarms – Active	72
Alarms – Clear	73
Change of State (COS) Configuration	74
Diagnostics Info	75
Diagnostics Mapping	75
Diagnostics – Modbus TCP/IP Server	76
Diagnostic – MQTT Client	
LED Configuration	80
Configuration Files	
Export Configuration	
Import Configuration	
Save and Replace Configuration Using SD Card	83
Saving Configuration Using SD Card	83
Replacing Configuration Using SD Card	83
Intelligent Reset Button	



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Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
8.4.5	11/18/2019	 Features Added Released OPC UA Server (US) Protocol Ability to now Import/Export Template Files with out an FTP session Bug Fixes Updated Profinet Server (PS) on N34 hardware Platform Updated Wi-Fi software
8.6.0	2/28/20	Bug Fixes1. Omron Plc Communication fixes for EtherNet/IP2. Profinet GSDML Substitute values fix
8.7.4	9/1/20	 Features Added: 1. BMS, BM, DFM, DS, DM, TCP, USB, PBS have been ported to the latest base software 2. TCP,BMS,BM now Available on N2E and N2EW hardware Platform 3. New ASCII Mode Available on TCP/A/USB/WI protocols 4. User Guides updated with more examples Bug Fixes: 1. Improved Data Mapping and String Mapping performance 2. Improved functionality/performance on EC,ETC,ES,MC,MS,BS,BC, A,,WI,PS protocols
8.7.22	4/6/21	 Features Added: 1. Support for RSLogix Versions 32 + with unsigned data type support 2. ETC now support Long integer files (L files) for MicroLogix PLCS that support them 3. SC now supports data block (DB) access
8.7.53	4/28/21	 Features Added: 5. Added support for the NNBU hardware platform 6. Improved RFIDeas scanner support 7. Updated MM and MRS to use Modbus RTU Client and Modbus RTU Server terminology



Version	Date	Notes
8.9.22	2/5/24	 Features Added: Added priority-based reads for client protocols Added improved diagnostic timers for client protocols Reduced minimum delay between messages to zero ms on client protocols Added support for USB serial connections Added support for multiple connections on EtherNet/IP Adapter Added 100ms and 1000ms heartbeat values for diagnostic use Added configurable data size to EtherNet/IP adapter and DeviceNet Slave Added support for TTL communications on N34, NNA1, NNA4, N2E, and N2EW hardware Added support for JSON payloads to MQTT Added Network Bitmap Status to ASCII, USB, and TCP protocols Bug Fixes: Fixed COV Subscription Issues on BACnet MS/TP Fixed timing issues affecting gateway performance Fixed a bug where the Run Idle Header on the output instance for EtherNet/IP Scanner was not checked by default
8.9.29	4/1/24	 Features Added: 14. Added ability to do raw HEX byte copy when receiving data over ASCII, TCP, or USB. Bug Fixes: 15. Fixed bug where function code 15 did not work on MM/MC. 16. Fixed bug relating to writing zeros on start up on BS. 17. Fixed bug where MQTT client did not appear in display data page when MQTT was paired with BACnet
8.9.37	7/30/24	Bug Fixes: 18. EIP IO Communication fixes 19. Timing fixes 20. USB Fixes a. Inactivity Timeout b. Inactivity Timeout Logging c. Port Restart Logging d. Webpage fixes 21. ProfiNet Timing Fix 22. EIP PanelView Fixes a. Support for Explicit Messaging



Overview

The 460MSAZR-N2E gateway Easily and securely connect Modbus TCP client device to cloud applications . By following this guide, you will be able to configure the 460MSAZR-N2E gateway.

Number of ASCII devices is dependent on the Hardware and Product number of the 460 gateway.

For further customization and advanced use, please reference the appendices located online at: http://www.rtautomation.com/product/460-gateway-support/.

If at any time you need further assistance, do not hesitate to call Real Time Automation support. Support Hours are Monday-Friday 8am-5pm CST

Toll free: 1-800-249-1612 Email: support@rtautomation.com



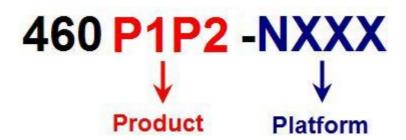
Hardware Platforms

The 460 Product Line supports a number of different hardware platforms. There are differences in how they are powered, what serial settings are supported, and some diagnostic features supported (such as LEDs). For these sections, be sure to identify the hardware platform you are using.

To find which hardware platform you are using:

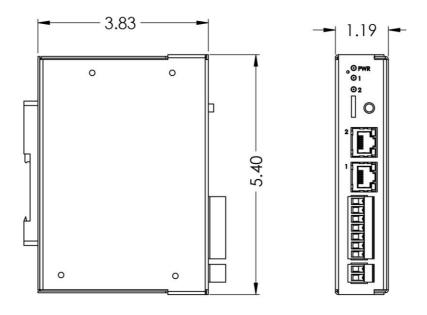
- 1) Look on the front or back label of the unit for the part number.
- On the webpage inside the gateway, navigate to the dropdown menu under Other and select Utilities. Click the Listing of Revisions button. The full part number is displayed here.

Once you have the full part number, the platform will be the number following the "-N":





Hardware - N2E



Powering the Gateway

The following steps will allow you to properly and safely power the gateway.



Warning: Improper wiring will cause unit failure! Use the Screw Terminal's power connection!

- 1) Connect a 12-24 VDC power source to the gateway, Red Wire = (+) Black Wire = (-).
 - a) The unit draws 8 VDC 900mA (7.2W) Max
 - b) The unit draws 35 VDC 900mA (31.5W) Max
 - c) The gateway has a voltage operating range from 8-35 VDC, 24 VDC is recommended.







Hazardous Environment Power & Installation Instructions

This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D, or non-hazardous locations only.

WARNING – EXPLOSION HAZARD - Do not disconnect equipment unless power has been removed or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

WARNING - EXPLOSION HAZARD - Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.

THIS EQUIPMENT IS AN OPEN-TYPE DEVICE AND IS MEANT TO BE INSTALLED IN AN ENCLOSURE SUITABLE FOR THE ENVIRONMENT SUCH THAT THE EQUIPMENT IS ONLY ACCESSIBLE WITH THE USE OF A TOOL.

WARNING – POWER JACK (Screw Terminals, J7) IS FOR MAINTENANCE USE ONLY AND MAY ONLY BE USED WHILE THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE FREE OF IGNITIBLE CONCENTRATIONS OF FLAMMABLE GASES OR VAPORS. IT IS NOT TO BE CONNECTED UNDER NORMAL OPERATION.

In Hazardous Environments the unit must be powered with between 8-35 VDC, 8 VDC @ 900 mA (7.2 W) max. Supervised. The unit is certified to be operated at -40°C to 50°C.



Cet équipement est conçu pour être utilisé uniquement dans des lieux de classe I, division 2, groupes A, B, C et D, ou non dangereux.

AVERTISSEMENT - **RISQUE D'EXPLOSION** - Ne débranchez pas l'équipement à moins que le courant ne soit coupé ou que la zone ne présente aucun danger.

AVERTISSEMENT - **RISQUE D'EXPLOSION** - La substitution de composants peut compromettre l'adéquation à la classe I, division 2.

CET APPAREIL EST UN DISPOSITIF DE TYPE OUVERT ET IL FAUT L'INSTALLER DANS UN ENCEINTE ADAPTÉ À L'ENVIRONNEMENT TEL QU'IL N'EST ACCESSIBLE À L'UTILISATION D'UN OUTIL.

AVERTISSEMENT - LE POWER JACK (bornes à vis, J7) est destiné exclusivement à la maintenance et ne peut être utilisé que lorsque la zone est connue pour être exempte de concentrations inintéressantes de gaz ou de vapeurs inflammables. IL NE DOIT PAS ÊTRE CONNECTÉ SOUS UN FONCTIONNEMENT NORMAL.

Dans les environnements dangereux, l'unité doit être alimentée entre 8-35 VDC, 8 VDC @ 900 mA (7,2 W) max. Supervisé. L'appareil est certifié pour fonctionner entre -40 ° C et 50 ° C.

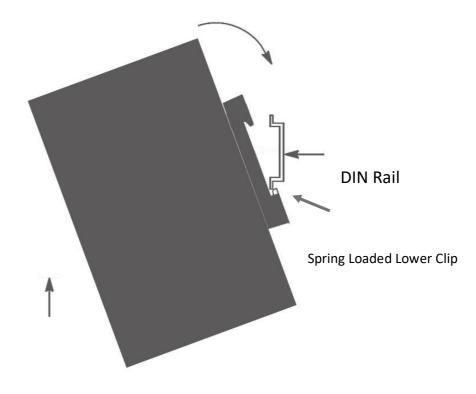


Mounting with a DIN Rail

Installing

Follow these steps to install your interface converter.

- 1) Mount your DIN Rail.
- 2) Hook the bottom mounting flange under the DIN Rail.
- 3) While pressing the 460MSAZR-N2E against the rail, press up to engage the spring loaded lower clip and rotate the unit parallel to the DIN Rail.
- 4) Release upward pressure.



Removing

Follow these steps to remove your interface converter.

- 1) Press up on unit to engage the spring loaded lower clip.
- 2) Swing top of the unit away from DIN Rail.



Accessing the Main Page

The following steps will help you access the browser based configuration of the gateway. By default, DHCP is enabled. If the gateway fails to obtain an IP address over DHCP it will Auto IP with 169.254.X.Y. For more information on your Operating system network setting refer to the <u>Accessing Browser</u> <u>Configuration</u> document from our support web site.

1) Scan the QR code on the back of the unit or navigate to <u>www.rtautomation.com/460-gateway-support</u> and download IPSetup.exe.

NDK Settings IP	0.	0.	0.	0		- Select a	2002020	′[00-03-F4-04	D2-8C] Auto	IP at 169.254.4
Network Mask	0.	0.	0.	0						
GateWay	0.	0.	0.	0	Set>					
DNS [0.	0.	0.	0						
								Search	Again	
					-	h Webpa <u>c</u>	1	Advanced	-1	Close

- 2) Run the IPSetup.exe program.
- 3) Find unit under "Select a Unit".
 - a. Change Gateway's IP address to match that of your PC if DHCP has failed.
 - i. You will know DHCP has failed if the gateway's IP address is AutoIP at 169.254.X.Y.
 - ii. If successful, it will say DHCP'd at ex: 192.168.0.100 or however your DCHP Client is set up.
 - b. If you do not see the gateway in this tool, then your PC is most likely set up as a static IP.
 - i. Change your PC's network settings to be DHCP. If DHCP fails, then it will change to be on the 169.254.x.y network.
 - ii. Relaunch the IP Setup tool to see if gateway can be discovered now.
- 4) Click Launch Webpage. The Main page should appear.

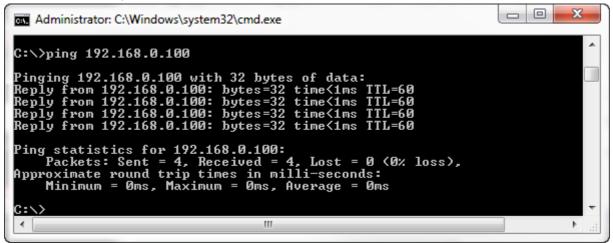
Default setting is set to DHCP. If DHCP fails, default IP Address is 169.254.x.y



Error: Main Page Does Not Launch

If the Main Page does not launch, please verify the following:

- 1) Check that the PC is set for a valid IP Address
 - a. Open a MS-DOS Command Prompt
 - b. Type "ipconfig" and press enter
 - c. Note the PC's IP Address, Subnet, and Default Gateway
- The gateway must be on the same Network/Subnet as the PC whether it's setup for DHCP or Static. Once you have both devices on the same network, you should be able to ping the gateway using a MS-DOS Command Prompt.



The Screenshot above shows a gateway that is currently set to a static IP Address of 192.168.0.100.

If you are able to successfully ping your gateway, open a browser and try to view the main page of the gateway by entering the IP Address of the gateway as the URL.



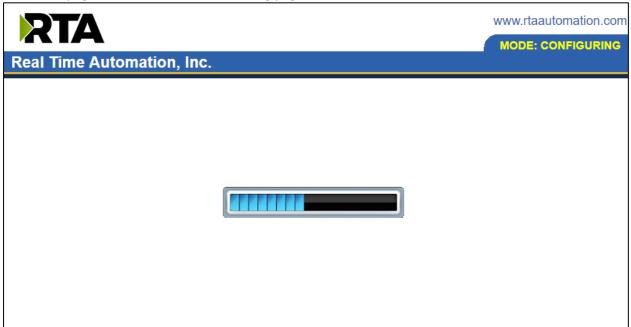


Committing Changes to the Settings

All changes made to the settings of the gateway in Configuration Mode will not take effect until the gateway is restarted via the webpage. Changes will not be stored if the gateway's power is removed prior to a reboot.

NOTE: The gateway does not need to be restarted after every change. Multiple changes can be made before a restart, but they will not be committed until the gateway is restarted.

When all desired changes have been made, press the **Restart Now** button. The webpage will redirect to our rebooting page shown below:



The reboot can take up to 20 seconds.

If the IP address has not been modified, the gateway will automatically redirect to the main page. If the IP address was modified, a message will appear at the top of the page to instruct the user to manually open a new webpage at that new IP.



Main Page

The main page is where important information about your gateway and its connections are displayed. Mode (orange box below):

Running Mode:

- Protocol communications are enabled
- Configuration cannot be changed during Running Mode. If changes are needed, click the **Configuration Mode** button shown in the green box below

Configuring Mode:

- Protocol communication is stopped and no data is transmitted
- Configuration is allowed

Navigation (green box below):

You can easily switch between modes and navigate between pages (Configuration, Diagnostics, and Other pages) using the buttons on the left hand side.

RTA				www.rtaautomation.com
Real Time Auton	nation, Inc.			460ETCMC
Configuration Mode		Mair	n Page	
Main Page		Device Description: Applicat	tion Description	
CONFIGURATION Network Configuration Allen-Bradley PLC		Save F	Parameters	
Modbus TCP/IP Client Display Data	Network Status	Link Status	MAC Address	IP Address
DIAGNOSTICS -Select-	Ethernet Port	100Mbps, Full Duplex	00:03:F4:0A:43:CC	10.1.28.95
OTHER -Select- ▼	Allen-Bradley PLC Statu Device Status: Last Read Error Code: Last Write Error Code:	IS Fatal Error: No Configurati	on	
		Connection Status: No De	vices Configured / Enabled	
	Modbus TCP/IP Client S Device Status: Last Error Code:	Status Fatal Error: No Configurati	on	
	LED Status:	Connection Status: No De	vices Configured / Enabled	
	Data Mapping Status # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:			



Device Configuration

The device configuration area is where you assign the device description parameter. Changes can only be made when the gateway is in Configuration Mode.

Main Page	
Device Description: Application Description]
Save Parameters	

Once you are done configuring the Description, click the **Save Parameters** button.



Network Configuration

The network configuration area is where you assign the IP address and other network parameters. Changes can only be made when the gateway is in Configuration Mode.

Once you are done configuring the Network Settings, click the **Save Parameters** button.

If you are changing the IP Address of the gateway, the change will not take effect until the unit has been rebooted. After reboot, you must enter the new IP Address into the URL.

Network Configuration				Help
Ethernet Switch Configuration				
	Topology:	Independent \vee		
Ethernet Port 1 Configuration				
Ethern	et MAC Address: (00:03:F4:0A:C0:64		
	Ethernet Link:	Auto-Negotiate	\sim	
	IP Setting:	Static IP ∨		
	IP Address:	192.168.47.199		
	Subnet:	255.255.255.0		
	Default Gateway:	0.0.0		
	DNS Gateway:			
	Diffe balonaj.	0.0.0.0		
	Save Para	ameters		
Ethernet Port 2 Configuration				
-	et MAC Address: (00-03-E4-04-C0-C8	2	
Eller	Ethernet Link:		, 	
	IP Setting:			
	IP Address:			
	Ļ	255.255.0.0		
	Default Gateway:			
	DNS Gateway:			
	Divo Cateway.	0.0.0.0		
	Save Para	ameters		
	outor did			



Network Interface Options

The N2E hardware has two different Network Interface options, Independent and Switch Mode. Below, you can find the different use cases that each interface option allows for.

Independent Mode

- 1) Two Ethernet-based protocols on the same IP Network
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used OR
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 used OR
 - c) Ethernet Port 1 & 2 used
- 2) Two Ethernet-based protocols on different IP Networks
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used AND
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 used

Switch Mode – Only Ethernet Port 1 is used for protocol communication

- 3) One Ethernet-based protocol on the IP Network (layer-2 switch)
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used for direct protocol communication
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 available for daisy chaining devices together
 - i) A Ring topology is NOT supported
- 4) Two Ethernet-based protocols on same IP Network
 - a) Ethernet Port 1 used for direct protocol communication with another switch, hub, or router
 - b) Ethernet Port 2 available for a daisy chaining devices together
 - i) A Ring topology is NOT supported
- 5) Two Ethernet-based protocols on different IP Networks
 - a) Not Possible must use Independent Mode

It is recommended to leave the DNS Gateway set to 0.0.0.0 and the Ethernet Link as Auto-Negotiate. If configuring the gateway to use E-mail, the DNS Gateway must be set.



Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration

Click the Modbus TCP/IP Server button to access the configuration page.

- 1) Select which **Network Interface** to use for this Modbus TCP Client connection. If using single port hardware, the Network Interface will default to Ethernet port only.
- 2) Enter a **Device Label** to identify the device within the gateway.
- 3) **TCP Port**: Enter a TCP Port for the Modbus TCP server to listen on. Default for Modbus TCP/IP is 502.
- 4) **Inactivity Timeout**: Amount of time the gateway will wait for a read/write request before issuing a timeout.
- 5) To enable data swapping, select the required **Swap Indicator**. If the bytes appear in the wrong order, enable swapping to change the data. This swapping does *NOT* change coils and their ordering inside the Bit Pack.
- 6) **Bit Pack**: Select the formatting of the Coil Status/Input Status. Automap will use this packing size to map coils to/from the other protocol. The bit pack selection here should match that of the other protocol. The starting address is considered Bit 0 and is the low-order bit.

Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration	Help
Network Interface: Ethernet Port (10.1.16.77) V	
Device Label: MS01	
TCP Port: 502 1-65535 (Default: 502)	
Inactivity Timeout: 5000 0-60000 ms	
Swap Indicator: Swap None	
Bit Pack: 1 Bit 👻 Coil / Input Status Only	
Save Parameters	



Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration-Data Groups

The bottom area of the Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration page lets you configure up to 100 data groups for both the read and write.

There are three ways to configure this protocol:

- 1) Auto-Configure Group by Device (Default)
- 2) Auto-Configure Group by Data Type
- 3) Manual Mode

NOTE: You may go back and forth between modes, but when reverting from Manual Mode to either of the two Auto-Configure modes, all changes made in Manual Mode will be discarded.

Modbus TCP/IP Server Point Lis	t	
	Manual Configure Auto-Configure Group by Device	~
# of Read Data Groups: 1	Auto-Configure Group by Data Type Manual Configure	te Data Groups: 1 0-100
	Generate Data Groups	



Auto-Configure Group by Device vs. Auto-Configure Group by Data Type

There are two different methods for Auto-Configure: Group by Device or Group by Data Type.

There are a couple of rules to keep in mind when using Auto-Configure Mode:

1) If the other protocol inside the gateway is a server, slave, or adapter protocol, then there are no differences between the Auto-Configure modes.

Group by Device (Default Method)

Group by Device goes through the other protocol on the gateway and auto-configures the data groups in the Modbus TCP/IP server for all the data points on the other protocol's first device. After it finishes with the first device, it will auto-configure all the points for the second device (if one is configured), and so on.

The data in this method is not optimized- there could potentially be a lot of wasted/unused data space, but it will be organized more logically from the master/client's point of view.

Group by Data Type

Group by Data Type goes through the other protocol on the gateway and auto-configures the data groups in the Modbus TCP/IP server for all the data points within the other protocol.

Another way to view this option is to say that the data points allocated are packed together so there is very little wasted data space. The data is packed or optimized.

Example: Protocol A is a master/client protocol that has 2 devices with the same setup:

Device_1 has 1 integer scan line, 1 float scan line, 1 integer scan line- each for 1 point of data Device_2 has 1 integer scan line, 1 float scan line, 1 integer scan line- each for 1 point of data

Protocol B is a server/slave/adapter protocol that can be mapped as follows:

Group by Device - Protocol B will have 4 scan lines that will look like the following: Scan Line 1 and 2 will represent Device_1 and Scan Line 3 and 4 will represent Device_2.

Scan Line 1 => Type Integer, length of 2 Scan Line 2 => Type Float, length of 1 Scan Line 3 => Type Integer, length of 2 Scan Line 4 => Type Float, length of 1

Group by Data Type - Protocol B will have 2 scan lines that will look like the following: All like data types from Device_1 and Device_2 will be combined.

Scan Line 1 => Type Integer, length of 4 Scan Line 2 => Type Float, length of 2



Modbus TCP/IP Server Data Group Configuration: Auto-Configure

While in either of the two Auto-Configure modes, the # of Data Groups and the actual data groups themselves cannot be edited. Auto-Configure Mode looks at the other protocol and then configures the data groups to match. The data formats will be defined after the other protocol is configured.

The data will be configured according to the following rules:

- 1) Any Coils, 8 Bit Signed/Unsigned, or 1/8/16/32 Bit Binary Packs data will be mapped as **0x Coil Status.**
- 2) Any 16 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **4x Hold Reg 16 Bit Int or 16 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 3) Any 32 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **4x Hold Reg 32 Bit Int or 32 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 4) Any 64 Bit Signed/Unsigned data will be mapped as **4x Hold Reg 64 Bit Int or 64 Bit Uint**, matching signs whenever possible.
- 5) Any 32 Bit Float will be mapped as **4x Hold Reg 32 Bit Float**.
- 6) Any 64 Bit Float will be mapped as **4x Hold Reg 64 Bit Float**.
- 7) Any String data types will be mapped as **4x Hold Reg String**.
- 8) The read or write direction depends on whether it is configured as a read or write on the other protocol.
- 9) If the other protocol exceeds the number of data groups supported, then nothing will be mapped. You will see the # of Data Groups remain at 0 and the main page will display the following error:

ERROR XX_460 Re-initialization (Auto-Config Failed -9)

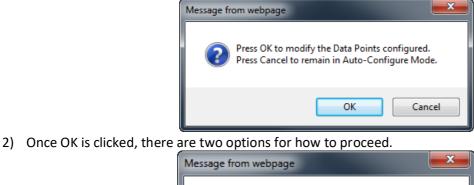
a) To fix this error, simply decrease the amount of data you configured on the other protocol so that the max number of Data Groups is not exceeded or call customer support to increase the limits.

To add additional or edit existing data groups, you will need to go into Manual Configure Mode. If you go back to Auto-Configure Mode, you will lose **ALL** manual edits.



Modbus TCP/IP Server Data Group Configuration: Manual Mode

- 1) To transition from either of the two Auto-Configure modes to Manual Configure Mode, click the dropdown at the top of the Modbus TCP/IP server Configuration page and select Manual Configure.
 - a) When prompted, click **OK** to confirm mode change or **Cancel** to remain in Auto-Configure Mode.



?	Press OK to modify the current Data Points. Press Cancel to Delete all Data Points.
	OK Cancel

- 3) To keep the data groups that are already configured, press **OK**.
 - a) You would want this option if you are adding additional data groups or you want to modify the data group(s) that already exist.
- 4) To delete the data groups that are already there and start over, press **Cancel**.
- 5) Enter the number of Read Data Groups and/or Write Data groups.

# of Read Data Groups: 1 0-10	0 # of Write Data Groups: 1 0-100
(Generate Data Groups
View Read Data Groups	View Write Data Groups

6) Click the **Generate Data Groups** button to have the read and write data groups auto-generate for you. You may manually configure the read and write data groups after they have been generated.



Configure Read and Write Data Groups

Follow these steps to manually configure read or write data groups.

1) Select **View Read Data Groups** or **View Write Data Groups** if not already selected.

	[View Read Data Groups		View Write Data	Groups	
Re	Read Data Groups (460 to Modbus TCP/IP)					
	Read Data Groups	Point Type		Starting Address	# of Points (1-512)	
h		Av Hald Day (40 Dit lat)	~	1	E	
	1	4x Hold Reg (16 Bit Int)	<u> </u>		5	

	View Read Data Groups					
Wr	Write Data Groups (Modbus TCP/IP to 460)					
	Write Data Groups	Point Type	Starting Address	# of Points (1-512)		
	1	0x Coil Status 🗸	1	1		
	<< 1-1 >>					

- 2) Select a **Point Type** for each scan line. Options include: Coil Status, Input Status, Input Registers, and Holding Registers. **Note**: Input/Holding Registers have a data type associated with them.
 - a) String Point Type- If the mating protocol supports strings, you may select string as a point type in Modbus. With this point type, 2 characters will be packed into a single register and the first register will be set aside for the length.
 - b) EX: 4x Hold Reg (String) with a Starting Address of 1 for a length of 5 Registers. This means that Register 1 will hold the length of the string and Registers 2-5 will hold the string contents. This string can contain a max of 8 characters.
- 3) Enter a **Starting Address** (1-based).
- 4) Enter the **# of Points** to read or write. This will allocate the number of the data type selected.

	(View Read Data Groups	View Write Data	Groups		
Re	ad Data Groups (460 to Modbus TCP/IP)				
	Read Data Groups	Point Type	Starting Address	# of Points (1-512)		
	1	0x Coil Status	1000	500		
	2	4x Hold Reg (16 Bit Int) 🗸	1001	500		
	3	4x Hold Reg (32 Bit Int)	2001	500		
	4	4x Hold Reg (32 Bit Float) 🗸	3001	500		
	<< 1-4 >>					



MQTT Client Configuration

You can configure up to three MQTT connections.

1. Configure up to one Microsoft Azure (ARZ) connection.

Click the **MQTT** button to continue configuration.

	Main Page
CON	FIGURATION
	Network Configuration
	Allon Bladio, PLO
	MQTT Client
	Data Mapping
	Display Data
	Display String

Microsoft Azure (AZR) Configuration

You can only configure one Microsoft Azure connection with your RTA product.

- 1) To add an ARZ connection, click the -Select- dropdown menu under MQTT Client Connection List and select **Add Generic AZR Connection** option.
 - a. To remove a device, navigate to the AZR device to delete and click the **Delete Connection** button.

MQTT Client Connectio	n List	
-Se	lect- Delete Connection	
	<< 1 >>	
	1-1	

MQTT Client Connection List					
	-Select- v	Delete Connection			
	-Select-	0 >>			
	Add Generic AWS Connection)-0			

- 2) The **Enable** check box should be selected for the device.
- 3) Enter a **Device Label** to identify the device within the gateways mapping.
- 4) Select which **Network Interface** to use for Microsoft Azure connection. Option only available on the N2E hardware.
- 5) **Primary Connection String:** Enter the primary connection string for the device in Azure.
- 6) Enter the **TCP Port** for the MQTT broker to open a connection on. If this value doesn't match, the gateway will not open a connection.

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- 7) **Keep Alive:** Enter in the amount of time that the gateway should attempt to ping the broker to keep the MQTT connection alive, 0 disables this feature.
- 8) **Client ID:** The MQTT client ID to be used when connecting to the Broker.
 - a. **NOTE:**This field is not user configurable and will be populated automatically based on the supplied primary connection string when the webpage is saved.
- 9) Check the Add Timestamp to Publishes checkbox to add a timestamp to the payload.

Enable	Azu	re 1	
Device L	abel QT01	Network Interface Ethernet Port (DHCP Assigned)	
Primary Connection String			
Client ID		Add Timestamp to Publishes	
TCP Port 8883	1-65535 (Default: 8883)	Keep Alive 60 0-200 sec (0 to Disable)	
# of JSON Name/Value Pairs 0 0-500			

Configuring Subscribe and Publish Topics

# of JSON Name/Value Pairs 3 0-500				
# of Publish Paths 1 0-250 # of Subscribe Paths 1 0-7				
Generate Paths				

JSON Name/Value Pairs

Line #	Path	JSON Name	JSON Point Type
1	-No Path Defined-		INT (8-bit) V
2	-No Path Defined-		INT (8-bit) V
3	-No Path Defined-		INT (8-bit) V
		<< 1-3 >>	

Save Parameters

View Publish Paths

View Subscribe Paths

Publish Paths (460PSQT to MQTT)

Line #	Enable	Path Name	QoS
1			0 ~
		<< 1-1 >>	

- 1) Enter in "# of Subscribe Paths" and/or "# of Publish Paths".
- 2) Enter in "# of JSON Name/Value Pairs"
- 3) Click the **Generate Paths** button to have the lines generated for you.
- 4) **# of Subscribe Paths:** Enter in the number of topics to subscribe from the broker. Once the topics are subscribed to, the MQTT broker will publish the messages to the gateway.

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- a) **NOTE:** Subscribe paths on Microsoft Azure are limited to 1 and are not user configurable. This is due to Microsoft Azure not utilizing a typical pub/sub broker and is instead using Cloud-to-Device messaging and expecting a pre-defined endpoint for these messages. The subscribe path may not populate immediately when generated, to resolve this, click view subscribe paths and then hit save parameters with the subscribe paths selected.
- 5) **# of Publish Paths:** Enter the number of topics to publish to the broker from the mating protocol.
 - a) **NOTE:** Publish paths will be pre-pended with the defined Microsoft Azure Device-to-cloud message path when the page is saved while the View Publish Paths option is selected. This is because Microsoft Azure does not utilize a generic pub/sub broker and instead utilizes Device-to-Cloud messaging expecting a pre-defined endpoint for these messages.
- 6) **# of JSON Name/Value Pairs:** Enter the number of JSON name/value pairs to configure, each name/value pair can be associated with a single publish or subscribe path.
- 7) Select the publish or subscribe path each name/value pair should be associated with.
- 8) Select the **Point Type** of the name/value pairs

Click Save Parameters button when complete.



Microsoft Azure Service Setup

Please note this section outlines the bare minimum configuration to get the RTA gateway connected to Azure and is not necessarily a recommended configuration in a production environment.

- 1. Create a Microsoft Azure subscription if you do not have one already
- 2. Create a resource group
 - a. In the search bar at the top type in "Resource Groups" and select the resource groups under services to navigate to the resource groups page.
 - b. Hit Add in the top left corner, there may also be a create resource group button in the middle if no resource groups exist.

A Subscriptions - Microsoft Azure	X 🔼 Resource groups - Microsoft Azure 🗙 🕂				- 🗆 X
	ortal.azure.com/?fromAccountsPortal=true#blade/HubsExtension	n/BrowseResourceGroups		1 🔍 🔺	•
😑 Microsoft Azure 📀	Upgrade P Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)		D 🗣 Q 🐵 '	? ©	
Home >					
Resource groups	\$				×
🕂 Add 🕲 Manage view 🗸	🕐 Refresh 🚽 Export to CSV 🧏 Open query 🕴 🍭 Assign t	ags 🛛 💙 Feedback			
Filter by name Sul	bscription == all				
Showing 0 to 0 of 0 records.			No grouping	✓ List view	N V
Name 1.		Subscription ↑↓	Location	¢↓	
	Try changing your filters if	e groups to display you dont see what youre looking for. .earn more of resource group			

c. In the create a resource group window give the resource group a name, the available Azure subscription should be selected by default.



Home > Resource groups >	
Create a resource grou	p
5	
Basics Tags Review + create	
resources for the solution, or only those r	related resources for an Azure solution. The resource group can include all the resources that you want to manage as a group. You decide how you want to sed on what makes the most sense for your organization. Learn more 더
Project details	
Subscription * 🕕	Azure subscription 1
Resource group * ①	rta-resource-group-1
Resource details	
Region * 🛈	(US) East US 🗸
Review + create < Previous	Next : Tags >

- d. Hit Review + Create in the bottom left corner.
- e. In the review window, hit create in the bottom left corner to create the resource group.
- f. You should be re-directed back to the resource groups window where you can see the newly created resource group is listed.
- 3. Create an IoT Hub
 - a. In the search bar at the top type in "IoT Hub" and select the IoT under services to navigate to the IoT Hub page.

Microsoft Azure 👩	P igt hub		×		A @ ?		
Azure services + Create a resource Navigate	Services Service Update for IoT Device Update for IoT Notification Hubs Notification Hubs Notification Hubs Notification Hub Name Service Hubs Clusters So IoT Central Application	espaces	See al Marketplace a IoT Hub IoT Hub Device Crosser IoT Co Documentation Azure IoT Hub Do Introduction to Ap	Provisioning Servinectivity & Stream cumentation Mic	ice ming Analytics rosoft Docs	yri See all	
Subscriptions	Services Hub Connector The Identity Hub Azure Defender for IoT Resources No				disaster recovery		
Microsoft Learn Learn Azure with training from M	tree online	a Monitor your apps and infrastructure	Secure your apps a infrastructure	and	 Analyze and cloud spend 	optimize your for free	
Useful links Technical Documentation	n o" Azure Se	ervices 🗗	Recent Azure Updates g*		Azure mobile a	GATITON	
Azure Migration Tools	Find an a	Azure expert	Quickstart Center		App Store	P Google F	lay

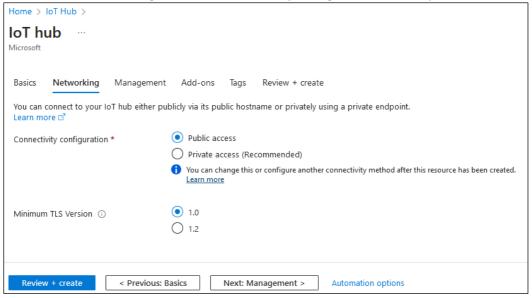
a. Hit Add in the top left corner, there may also be a create IoT Hub button in the middle if no IoT Hubs exist.



b. Select the resource group created previously, enter a name for the hub, and select a region.

oT hub … ^{/icrosoft}		
Basics Networking Manag	ement Add-ons Tags Review+create	
Create an IoT hub to help you con	nect, monitor, and manage billions of your IoT assets.	learn more
Project details		
Choose the subscription you'll use organize and manage resources.	to manage deployments and costs. Use resource gro	oups like folders to help you
Subscription * 🕕	Azure subscription 1	~
Resource group * 🕕	rta-resource-group	~
	Create new	
Instance details		
IoT hub name * (i)	rta-test-hub-1	~
Region * 🛈	East US	~
	Standard (most popular)	~
Tier *	Common tions	
Tier *	Compare tiers	
Tier * Daily message limit * ①	400,000 (\$25/month)	~

- c. Hit Next at the bottom of the page to proceed to the networking tab.
- d. In the networking tab under connectivity configuration, ensure public access is selected.



- e. Hit review and create in the bottom left corner of the page.
- f. On the review and create page, hit create in the bottom left corner of the page.



g. One the deployment is completed click on "Go to Resource" to be re-directed to the newly created IoT Hubs overview page. If go to resource is not an option, navigate to the IoT hub and select your newly created IoT hub to access the overview page.

💦 rta-test-hub 🛷 🛧			×
	$ ightarrow$ Move \lor 💼 Delete 💍 Refresh $\not \! R$ Feedback		
X Overview			JSON View
Activity log	Resource group (move) : rta-resource-group	Hostname : rta-te	est-hub.azure-devices.net
Access control (IAM)	Status : Active	Tier : Free	
Tags	Location : East US	Daily message limit : 8,000	
X Diagnose and solve problems	Service region : East US	Minimum TLS Version : 1.0	
Events	Subscription (move) : Azure subscription 1		
 Device management 	Tags (edit) : Add tags		
	See more		
Devices	Usage Get started		
IoT Edge		Show data for last: (1 Hour 6 Hours 12 Hours (1 Day 7 Days	30 Days
Configurations + Deployments		I Hour & Hours 12 Hours Today / Days	30 Days
🧼 Updates			
🔎 Queries	loT Hub Usage	Number of messages used	Device to cloud messages
> Hub settings			100
> Security settings	Messages used today: 2	_ 2	90
> Defender for IoT	 messages used today. 2 	15	70
> Monitoring	Daily messages quota: 8000 ①	1.5	50
> Automation		1	40
	IoT Devices: 2	0.5	30
> Help		03	10
		06 PM Oct 18 6 AM UTC-0500	06 PM Oct 18 6 AM UTC-0500
		o Pari Oct 16 6 AM UTC-0800	e Phil Cuttile 6 AM UTC-0800
		Total number of messages used (Max), rta-t 2	Telemetry messages sent (Sum), rta-test-hub 0

- h. In the left panel of the IoT Hub overview select Devices under the Device Management section.
- i. Click Add Device button in the top left corner of the page to create a new IoT device in this hub.
- j. In the create a device window enter a name for the device in the Device ID section and ensure the "Connect his device to an IoT hub" option is enabled.

Home > IoT Hub > rta-test	
🕂 Create a devi	ce
Find Certified for Azure lo	l devices in the Device Catalog
Device ID * 🕡	
rta-test-device-1	
loT Edge Device	
Authentication type 🕕	
Symmetric key X.509 Self-S	Signed X.509 CA Signed
Auto-generate keys 🕕	
\checkmark	
Connect this device to an IoT h	ub 🛈
Enable Disable	
Devel de la C	
Parent device 🕕	
No parent device	
Set a parent device	

- k. Hit Save in the bottom left corner of the window to create the device and be re-directed to the device list in the IoT Hubs overview window.
- I. Click on the newly created device in the device list to view the devices configuration.



m. Copy the Primary connection string for the device, this will be used when connecting the RTA gateway to Azure.

Home > IoT Hub > rta-test-hub Devices >								
rta-test-device ☆ … rta-test-hub								
🗟 Save 🔍 Manage keys 🗸 🖂	Message to Device 🚿 Direct m	nethod 🕂 Add Module Identity 🗮	Device twin 💍 Refresh					
Device ID 🛈	rta-test-device					D		
Primary key 🛈	•••••	••••••			0	D		
Secondary key ①	•••••				0	D		
Primary connection string ()	•••••		•••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	0	D		
Secondary connection string ①	•••••		•••••		0	D		
Tags (<u>edit</u>)	No tags							
Enable connection to IoT Hub 🛈	Enable O Disable							
Parent device 🛈	No parent device							
Module Identities Configurations								
Module ID	Connection State	Connection State Last Updated	Last Activity Time (UTC)					
There are no module identities for this device.								



- 4. Create an Event Hub
 - a. In the search bar at the top type in "Event Hubs" and select the Event Hubs under services to navigate to the Event Hubs page.
 - b. Hit Add in the top left corner, there may also be a create Event Hub button in the middle if no Event Hubs Namespaces exist.
 - c. In the Create Namespace window, select your previously created resource group, enter a name for the namespace, and select a pricing tier based on your needs.

Home > Event Hubs >	
Event Hubs	
Basics Advanced Networking	Tags Review + create
Project Details	
Select the subscription to manage deploye manage all your resources.	ed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and
Subscription *	Azure subscription 1
Resource group *	rta-resource-group ✓ Create new
Instance Details Enter required settings for this namespace	e, including a price tier and configuring the number of units (capacity).
Namespace name *	rta-test-namespace-1 🗸
	.servicebus.windows.net
Location *	East US 🗸
	The region selected supports Availability zones. Your namespace will have Availability Zones enabled. <u>Learn more.</u>
Pricing tier *	Basic (~\$11 USD per TU per Month)
	Browse the available plans and their features
Throughput Units *	0 1
Review + create < Previous	Next: Advanced >

- d. Hit Review + Create in the bottom left corner of the page.
- e. Hit Create in the bottom left corner of the page to create the namespace.



f. Once the namespace has finished initializing click on go to resource to navigate to the namespaces main panel. If go to resource in not an option navigate to Event Hubs and select the newly created namespace to open the main panel.

Event Hubs Namespace	☆☆…					×
P Search ○ «	🕂 Event Hub 📋 Dele	ete 💍 Refresh 🛛 🖗 Give feedback				
🗵 Overview	∧ Essentials					JSON View
Activity log	Resource group (move) :	rta-resource-group		Created	: Monday, February 5, 2024 at 13:10:12 CST	
Access control (IAM)	Status :	Active		Updated	: Monday, February 5, 2024 at 13:11:02 CST	
🗳 Tags	Location :	East US		Zone Redundancy	: Enabled	
X Diagnose and solve problems	Subscription (move)	Azure subscription 1		Pricing tier	: Basic	
Data Explorer (preview)	Subscription ID :	4f0bf630-94d0-4b0b-b594-fccd8aa31dff		Throughput Units	: <u>1 unit</u>	
	Host name :	rta-test-namespace.servicebus.windows.net [ù	Auto-inflate throughput	: Not Supported	
Events				Local Authentication	: Enabled	
> Settings	Tags (<u>edit</u>) :	Add tags				
> Entities	NAMESPACE CONTENTS	KAFKA SURFACE ZONE REDUNDANCY				
> Monitoring	1 EVENT HUB	NOT SUPPORTED ENABLED				
> Automation	Show data for the last:	1 hour 6 hours 12 hours 1 day	7 days 30 days			
> Help	show data for the last:	Thous T2 hours T day	7 days 50 days			
	Requests		Messages		Throughput	
			90		908	
	1		80		808	
	0.8		70		708	
	0.6		60 50		50B 50B	
	0.4		40		40B	
	0.2		10		108	
	0		0		08	
	11:45 AM	12 PM UTC-05:00 s (Sum), rta-test-namespace 1	11:45 AM 12 PM		11:45 AM 12 PM	UTC-05:00
	1/2	s (sum), rta-test-namespace 1 ts (Sum), rta-test-namespace 1	1/2 Outgoing Messages (Sum),		Outgoing Bytes. (Sum), rta-test-namespace OB	
	• -), rta-test-namespace 0	Captured Messages. (Sum),		Captured Bytes. (Sum), rta-test-namespace OB	

- g. Click Add Event Hub in the top left corner.
- h. Enter in a name for the event hub
- i. Click review + create in the bottom left corner.
- j. On the review page hit create in the bottom left corner.

Home > Event Hubs > rta-test-namespace >	>
Create Event Hub	
Basics Capture Review + create	
Event Hub Details	
Enter required settings for this event hub,	including partition count and message retention.
Name * 🕕	rta-test-hub-1
Partition count 🕕	01
Retention	
Configure retention settings for this Event	Hub. Learn more
Cleanup policy 🛈	Delete V
Retention time (hrs) * 🕕	1 🗸
	min. 1 hour, max. 24 hours (1day)
Review + create < Previous	Next: Capture >

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k. You should be returned to the namespace overview, scroll down and you should see the newly created event hub at the bottom of the overview section.

rta-test-namespace	\$ \$ ··· \$		×
Search • «	🕂 Event Hub 📋 Delete 🖒 Refresh 🔗 Give f		
🔄 Overview	Host name : rta-test-namespace.servicebi		ate throughput : <u>Not Supported</u> thentication : Enabled
Activity log	Tags (edit) : Add tags	Local Au	thentication : <u>Enabled</u>
Access control (IAM)			
🗳 Tags	NAMESPACE CONTENTS KAFKA SURFACE ZONE RE 1 EVENT HUB NOT SUPPORTED ENABLED	DUNDANCY	
× Diagnose and solve problems			
🛃 Data Explorer (preview)	Show data for the last: 1 hour 6 hours 12 hour	s 1 day 7 days 30 days	
🗲 Events	Requests	Messages	Throughput
> Settings		90	1008
> Entities	1		908
> Monitoring	0.8	70	708
> Automation	0.6		608 508
	0.4	40	408
> Help	0.4	30	308
	0.2	20	208
	0	0	08
	11:45 AM 12 PM 12:15 PM	UTC-05:00 11:45 AM 12 PM 12:15 PM	UTC-05:00 11:45 AM 12 PM 12:15 PM UTC-05:00
	Incoming Requests (Sum), rta-test-namespace 1 Successful Requests (Sum), rta-test-namespace 1	1/2	
	Server Errors. (Sum), rta-test-namespace 1	Captured Messages (Sum), rta-test-namespa Captured Messages. (Sum), rta-test-namespa	
	Event Hubs (1)		
	Search to filter items by name		
	Name	Status Message re	etention Partition count
	rta-test-hub	Active 1 hour	2

- 5. Create an Event Grid System Topic
 - a. In the search bar at the top type in "Event Grid System Topics" and select the event grid system topics option under services to navigate to the even grid system topics page..
 - b. Click create in the top left corner to create a new event grid system topic.
 - c. In the Create Even Grid System Topic window enter set the Topic Types to "Azure IoT Hub Accounts, Select your azure subscription, select your resource group, and enter a name for the topic



Home > Event Grid System topics >	- ·
Event Grid Syste	em Topic
Basics Tags Review + create	
Topic Details	
	in existing azure resource which allows customer to subscribe events ource is created in the same subscription and resource group as the
Topic Types	Azure IoT Hub Accounts
Subscription *	Azure subscription 1
Resource Group *	Azure subscription 1 Ita-resource-group Ita-test-bub
Resource *	rta-test-hub V
System Topic Details	
Enter required settings for this system top	ic.
Name *	rta-test-topic 🗸
Location	eastus
Identity	
Managed identities are used to authentica Learn more about Managed Identities	ite an Event Grid topic to Azure service instances when delivering events.
System assigned identity 🛛	
Review + create < Previous	Next: Tags >

- d. Click Review + create in the bottom left corner.
- e. On the review + create page click create the create the Event Grid System Topic.
- f. Once the event grid system topic is initialized click go to resource to navigate to the Event Grid System Topic Panel. If go to resource is not an option navigate back to the even grid system topic section and select the newly created event grid system topic from there to access the main panel.

Home > Event Grid System topics >							-			
Event Grid System Topic										\times
₽ Search 0 «	+ Event Subscription	🔋 Delete 🖒 Refresh 🔗 Give feedb	ack							
E Overview	∧ Essentials								J50	DN View
Activity log	Resource group (move)	: rta-resource-group			Source : rta-test-hub					ļ
Access control (IAM)	Status	: Active			Source Type : Microsoft.Devices.it	loTHubs				ļ
Tags	Location	: East US								ļ
	Subscription (move)	Azure subscription 1								ļ
> Settings	Subscription ID	: 4f0bf630-94d0-4b0b-b594-fccd8aa31dff								ļ
> Entities	Tags (edit)	: Add tags								ļ
> Monitoring										
> Automation	Show metrics: Gene	ral) Errors Latency Dead-Letter				For the last: 1 hour	6 hours 12 hours	1 day 1	days 30) days
> Help	100									ļ
	90									_
	40									
	70									_ !
	60									- 1
	- 50									- 1
	30									- 1
	20									_
	10									_
	0									
	12 PM		12:15 PM	1	130 PM	12:45 PM			UTC-0	25.00
	Published Events (Su	um), rta-test-topic Publish Failed Eve	ents (Sum), rta-test-topic	Matched Events (Sum), rta-test-topi	Delivered Events (Sum), rta-ter	est-topic Dead Lettered Events (Sun	n), ita-test-topic			ļ
			nts (Sum), rta-test-topic	Advanced Filter Evaluations (Sum), rt		· · -				ļ

- g. In the your new event grid system topics main panel hit add event subscription in the top left corner.
- h. In the create Event Subscription window:
 - i. Enter a name for the subscription



- ii. Under event types, ensure that Device Created, Device Deleted, Device Connect, Device Disconnect, and Device Telemetry are all selected.
- iii. Under Endpoint Select Event Hub as the endpoint type.
- iv. Under endpoint details click "Configure an Endpoint"
- v. In the newly opened Select Event Hub window, select your azure subscription, resource group, namespace, and event hub and click confirm selection.

Linne & Event Grid System tening &	when the state in the state of	-					
Home > Event Grid System topics > rta-test-topic >							
Create Event Subscr Event Grid	ription						
Basics Filters Additional Features	Delivery Properties						
Event Subscriptions listen for events emitte Learn more	d by the topic resource and send them to the endpoint resource.						
EVENT SUBSCRIPTION DETAILS							
Name *	rta-test-sub 🗸						
Event Schema	Event Grid Schema 🗸						
TOPIC DETAILS							
Pick a topic resource for which events shou	Id be pushed to your destination. Learn more						
Торіс Туре	🕅 loT Hub						
Source Resource	🗘 rta-test-hub						
Topic Name							
EVENT TYPES							
Pick which event types get pushed to your	destination. Learn more						
Filter to Event Types *	5 selected V						
ENDPOINT DETAILS							
Pick an event handler to receive your event	s. Learn more						
Endpoint Type *	E Event Hub (change)						
Endpoint *	rta-test-hub (change)						
MANAGED IDENTITY FOR DELIVERY							
events. Select either a system assigned or a	te an Event Grid topic to Azure service instances when delivering user assigned managed identity. You should have already configured th this event subscription is associated. Learn more about Managed						
Managed identity type	None						
Create							

i. Click create in the lower left corner of the webpage.



Testing Microsoft Azure Communication

Once you have the Azure configured, you can use their <u>Azure IoT Explorer</u> utility to test the connection is working.

To set up Azure IoT Explorer:

- 1. open the utility and select the IoT Hubs tab on the left
- 2. Click the Add connection button
- 3. In the Add connection String window that appears enter the connection string for your IoT Hub.
 - a. This can be obtained by navigating to the IoT Hubs overview window in azure, selecting Shared access policies from the left pane, and opening the iothubowner policy.
- 4. Click save.
- 5. Your hub should now be listed in the IoT hubs section as shown below.

Home > IoT hubs		
=	+ Add connection Switch authentication method	
器 loT hubs		
🔗 IoT Plug and Play Settings	rta-test-hub	1
Notification Center	Host name	
	rta-test-hub.azure-devices.net	D
	Shared access policy name	
	iothubowner	D
	Shared access policy key	
	•••••	D
	Connection String	
	······································	ß
	ightarrow View devices in this hub	

6. You can then click on the hub name to view devices available in the hub and see their current status.



Home > rta-test-hub > Devices					
🛨 New 🖒 Refresh 🛍 Delete					
Query by device ID	ho ightarrow	Add query p	barameter		
Device ID \vee		Status \vee	Connectio \lor	Authentica \vee	Last status \vee
mqtt-explorer-device		Enabled	Disconnected	Sas	
rta-test-device		Enabled	Disconnected	Sas	

7. Selecting a device within the hub will provide device specific information such as its Primary Connection string. It also provides useful tools for seeing data being from the device to Azure as well as send test messages from Azure to the device.



Send data from Microsoft Azure to RTA gateway

Below is how the RTA Microsoft Azure Service is set up to receive data from Microsoft Azure.

	Enable				Azu	ire 1							
		Device La	abel QT01			Net	work Inte	rface	Switch Mo	de	(DHCP)	Assigne	ed) ~
	Prim	Primary Connection String HostName=rta-test-hub.a					/ices.net;[DeviceI	id=rta-test-	dev	ice;Sha	redAcc	es
	Client	ID rta-test-de	vice					Add Ti	imestamp	to I	Publish	nes	
	TCP	Port 8883	1-65535 (Default: 888	3)	Ke	ep Alive	60	0-20	0 s	sec (0 t	to Disa	ıble)
			# c	of JSON Nan	ne/Valu	e Pairs	1	0-50	0				
		# of Publish	Paths 0	0-250			# of \$	Subsc	ribe Paths	1		0-1	
					Generat	te Paths							
s	ON Nam	e/Value Pa	irs										
	Line #		Path			J	ISON Na	me			JSO	N Poin	t Type
	1	devices/rta-te	est-device/dev	icebound, ~	messa	ige					INT (8-bit)	~
					<<]1-	-1 >>							
				(Save Pa	rameters							
		View F	Publish Paths					V	iew Subscri	be l	Paths		
u	bscribe	Paths (MQ	TT to 460E	ETCQT)									
	Line #	Enable				Path I	Name						QoS
	1		dovicos/rt	a-test-device/	lovicobo	und/#/							
			uevices/10	a-test-device/	levicebo	unu/#/							

In Azure IoT Explorer, navigate to the device you wish to receive data from Azure on. In the device configuration select the Cloud-to-device message tab on the left.

In the Cloud-to-device message tab, enter the message to be sent to the RTA in the message body section and click Send message to device at the top of the page. An example payload for the configuration above can be seen in the image below.



Home > rta-test-hub > Devices > rta-t	est-device > Cloud-to-device message
=	☑ Send message to device
Device identity	Claud to device manager / You can and more
🔁 Device twin	Cloud-to-device message You can send mess
C Telemetry	Message body 🛈
y Direct method	{ "message" : 24 }
☑ Cloud-to-device message	
🛠 Module identities	Add timestamp to message body
ST IoT Plug and Play components	∧ Properties ①
	 Add custom property Add system
	Key \sim

Navigate to the RTA display data page, view data from MQTT, refresh the page, and the value should be visible as shown below.

	RTA						www.rtautomation.com
	eal Time Autor	mation, Inc.					MODE: RUNNING 460ETCQT
	Configuration Mode	Display Data					Edit Mapping View as Text
	Pian Page	Select a Device A	llen-Bradlev PLC	(Not Configu	red) View		
CON	IFIGURATION			(
	Network Configuration		MQTT to PLC				PLC to MQTT
	Allen-Bradley PLC						
	MQTT Client				<< 1 >>		
	Data Mapping				Displaying 1-1 of 1		
	Display Data				460ETCQT		
			MQTT				PLC
DIAC	SNOSTICS				→ →		
	-Select- v	Name	Value (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Value (Hex)
отн	ER	message	24	0x18	~~	N/A	Point Not Mapped
	-Select-	mesougo		exte			



Send data from RTA gateway to Microsoft Azure (Publish Topics)

This example shows a PLC writing data to the RTA gateway and presenting that data to the Publish topic on Microsoft Azure

	Z Enable				Azu	re 1					
		Device L	abel QT01			Network Inter	face Switch Mod	le (DHCP	Assigned) ~	
	Primary Connection String HostName=rta-test-hub.azure-devices.net;DeviceId=rta-test-device;SharedAcces										
	Client	ID rta-test-d	evice			A	dd Timestamp t	o Publisl	hes		
	TCP	Port 8883	1-65535 (I	Default: 888	3)	Keep Alive	60 0-200) sec (0	to Disab	le)	
			# of	f JSON Nan	ne/Value	Pairs 1	0-500				
		# of Publish	Paths 1	0-250		# of S	Subscribe Paths	0	0-1		
					Generat	e Paths					
JSO	N Nam	e/Value Pa	SON Name/Value Pairs								
	Line #		Path			JSON Na	me	JSO	N Point	Туре	
	Line # 1	devices/rta-		sages/ev v	Data	JSON Na	me		N Point 8-bit)	Type ~	
		devices/rta-	Path	sages/ev ~	Data		me				
		devices/rta-1	Path			1 >>	me				
			Path		<< 1-	1 >>	me View Subscrib				
	1	View	Path test-device/mess	(<< 1-	1 >>					
Publ	1	View	Path test-device/mess Publish Paths	(<< 1-	1 >>					
Publ	1 lish Pat	View ths (460E	Path test-device/mess Publish Paths TCQT to MC	(2TT)	< 1-	1 >> ameters	View Subscrib			~	

P	LC	460ET		1	ΜQTT
Name	Value (Hex)	Manipu	lation	Name	Value (Hex)
Data_From_PLC_2_AZR	68	0x44	→ →	devices/rta-test-d messages/eve Data_From_RTA_: Data	nts/



In Azure IoT Explorer, navigate to the device you would like to publish data to and select the telemetry tab on the left. In the telemetry window click Start in the top left corner. Any messages published to the selected device will now be shown in the telemetry window.

Home > rta-test-hub > Devices > rta-te	est-device > Telemetry
=	Stop 🗌 Show system properties 📋 Clear events {} Simulate a device 🗍 Customize Content Type
Device identity	Tolow stars. You can manifest tolemate, that the device cande to the lot hub
🔁 Device twin	Telemetry You can monitor telemetry that the device sends to the IoT hub
C Telemetry	Consumer group ① \$Default
✓ Direct method	Specify enqueue time 0
☑ Cloud-to-device message	No Use built-in event hub
🛠 Module identities	Yes
♂ IoT Plug and Play components	① Receiving events 🔾
	Tue Oct 22 2024 09:50:31 GMT-0500 (Central Daylight Time):
	{ "body": { "Data": 68 }, "enqueuedTime": "Tue Oct 22 2024 09:50:31 GMT-0500 (Central Daylight Time)" } }



QT Publish Trigger

By default, the RTA gateway will publish to the broker based on change of state. This means a new publish to the broker will occur any time a value changes. In an application where the client is being charged per publish, such as with Azure, this is not ideal. In this situation the QT Publish trigger can be configured. When the QT Publish Trigger is configured a publish will only occur when the trigger value is incremented, allowing the user to control when data is published.

In the example below, it is shown how the trigger would be configured for MQTT device 1. A trigger value is being mapped from the mating protocol into the QT TriggerPublish1 destination. With this configuration all topics configured on MQTT device 1 will be published when the trigger value is incremented.

Enable	Mapping 2							
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination						
Group: ETC01 Trigger_Value (Int16) V Start: Trigger_Value V End: Trigger_Value V	• • -> • •	Group: QT TriggerPublish1 (Uint16) V Start: TriggerPublish1 V End: TriggerPublish1						

To trigger for MQTT device 2 or 3, TriggerPublish2 or TriggerPublish3 should be selected under the "Start" dropdown in the destination configuration as shown below.

C Enable	Mapping 2				
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination			
Group: ETC01 Trigger_Value (Int16) V Start: Trigger_Value V End: Trigger_Value V	• • • • •	Group: QT TriggerPublish1 (Uint16) V Start: TriggerPublish1 V End: TriggerPublish1			
	<< >>	TriggerPublish2 TriggerPublish3			



Mapping - Transferring Data Between Devices

There are 5 ways to move data from one protocol to the other. You can combine any of the following options to customize your gateway as needed.

Option 1 – Data Auto-Configure Mappings: The gateway will automatically take the data type (excluding strings) from one protocol and look for the same data type defined in the other protocol. If there isn't a matching data type, the gateway will map the data to the largest available data type. See Data Auto-Configure section for more details.

Option 2 – String Auto-Configure: The gateway will automatically take the string data type from one protocol and map it into the other. See String Auto-Configure section for more details.

Option 3 – Manual Configure Mappings: If you don't want to use the Auto-Configure Mappings function, you must use the manual mapping feature to configure translations.

Option 4 – Manipulation/Scaling: You can customize your data by using math operations, scaling, or bit manipulation. See Data Mapping-Explanation section for more details.

Option 5 – Move Diagnostic Information: You can manually move diagnostic information from the gateway to either protocol. Diagnostic information is not mapped in Auto-Configure Mappings Mode. See Diagnostic Info section for more details.

Going from Manual Mapping to Auto-Mapping will delete ALL mappings and manipulations configured.

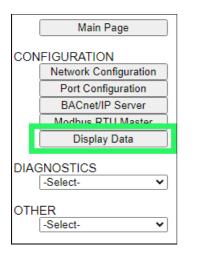


Display Mapping and Values

The Display Data and Display String pages are where you can view the actual data for each mapping that is set up.

Display Data

Click the **Display Data** button to view how the data is mapped and what the values of each mapping are.



Here you will see how each data point (excluding strings) is mapped. To view, select the device from the dropdown menu and click **View** to generate the information regarding that device. Then select either the **Protocol 1 to Protocol 2** or **Protocol 2 to Protocol 1** button, correlating to the direction you wish to see the data.

Display Data	Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Device Modbus TCP Server IP Address: 0.0.0.0 View	
Protocol 1 to Protocol 2	Protocol 2 to Protocol 1



This page is very useful when verifying that all data is mapped somehow from one protocol to another. If a data point is not mapped, it will display on this page in a yellow highlighted box. The Display Data page will display up to 200 mappings per page, simply navigate to the next page for the additional mapping to display.

Mod	bus RTU to BACnet/II	P			BACnet/IP to Modb	us RTU
			────────────────────────────────────			
	Modbus RTU		460MMB S →→		BACnet/IP	
Name	Value (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Value	(Hex)
400001			> >	AI1		
400002			~~	AI2	Mapping Dis	abled for Point
400003			→→	AI3		

In the above example, we see the following:

- Modbus register 400001 from Slave 1 is being mapped to Al1 on BACnet
- Nothing is being moved from Modbus register 400002 to AI2 on BACnet because the mapping is disabled
- Modbus register 400003 from Slave 1 is being mapped to AI3 on BACnet

NOTE: If a data point is mapped twice, only the first instance of it will show here. EX: If Modbus 400001 & 400040 from Slave 1 are both mapped to Al1, only 400001 will show as being mapped to Al1.

If there are values of "--" on this page, it indicates that the source has not yet been validated and no data is being sent to the destination.

The example below reflects the Modbus to PLC flow of data. The Modbus (left side) is the source and the PLC (right side) is the destination.

- The 460 gateway has received valid responses from Modbus registers 400001- 400005 and therefore can pass the data on to the PLC tag called MC2PLC_INT.
- The 460 gateway has NOT received valid responses from Modbus register 400011 & 400012. As
 a result, the data cannot be passed to the PLC tag ETC01_GN0_INT2 and indicates so by using "- "in the value column of the table.



Display Data	1					Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Device	Modbus TC	CP Server IP Address	s: 10.1.16.16	✓ View		
1	Nodbus TCP/I	P to PLC		F	LC to Modbus	TCP/IP
			Cisplayin	1 >> g 1-7 of 7		
	Modbus	TCP/IP		тсмс ➔	PLC	
Name		Value (Hex)	Manip	ulation Name	Valu	ie (Hex)
400001	15	0x000F	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[0]	15	0x000F
400002	1495	0x05D7	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[1]	1495	0x05D7
400003	1	0x0001	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[2]	1	0x0001
400004	23	0x0017	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[3]	23	0x0017
400005	3	0x0003	→→	ETC01 MC2PLC_INT[4]	3	0x0003
400011			→→	ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_INT[0]		
400012			→→	ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_INT[1]		

To view the actual data mappings, click the **Edit Mapping** button. For more details, see the Data Mapping-Explanation section.

To view the data mappings purely as text, click the **View as Text** button. For more details, see the View Data Mapping as Text section.



Display String

Click the **Display String** button to view what the values of each Parsing and/or Concatenating strings are, you can also click on the Edit Mapping to view the mapping of each string.

	Main Page				
CONFIGURATION					
	Network Configuration				
	Port Configuration				
	ASCII				
	Allen-Bradley PLC				
	Display Data				
	Display String				
	Restant now				
DIAG	NOSTICS				
	-Select-				
OTH	ER -Select-				

To view the source or destination groups from a string, click the dropdown menu to generate the information regarding that device. The string data will be displayed in both Hex and ASCII (only the ASCII data is sent). The example below shows data that is coming from the source device. A group will be displayed for each Parsing/Concatenating String field that is configured.

Display String	Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line 1 Barcode Scanner and a String Barcode Scanner (11 byte	5)
0000: 68 65 6C 6C 6F 20 77 6F 72 6C 64 hello world	

In the Group drop down, "Line1" is defined on the ASCII Device configuration page and "Barcode Scanner" is defined in the ASCII Parsing configuration.

Enable	ASCII Device 1				
Port Port 1 (DB9) 🗸			Device Label Line1		
LED Inactivity 0	0-60000 s	Opera	tion Mode Mark Data New	on New Messa	ige 🗸

Field Start	Location Le	ength Da	ata Type	Internal Tag Nan	ne
1: 1	0	String	~	Barcode Scanner	



If there are values of "Data Not Valid "on this page, it indicates that the source has not been validated yet and no data is being sent to the destination.

Display String	Edit Mapping
	View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line 1 Barcode Scanner and a String Barcode Scanner (0 by	tes)
Data Not Valid	

NOTE: You can view the whole string data by clicking on **Diagnostics Info** drop down and navigating to ASCII Diagnostics page. You will also have to select the port you want to view in the dropdown below ASCII.

Diagnostics		
	ASCII	View
	Port 1 (DB9) ~	View

To view the string mappings, click the **Edit Mapping** button. For more details see the **String Mapping-Explanation** section.

Display String	Edit Mapping
	View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line 1 Barcode Scanner V and a String Barcode Scanner V (11 bytes)	
0000: 68 65 6C 6C 6F 20 77 6F 72 6C 64 hello world	

NOTE: Only String data types can be mapped to another String data type.

String Mapping Configuration Help				
Manual Configure # of Mappings to Configure: Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Description Descript				
Enable	Mapping 1			
Source Destination				
Group: Line 1 Barcode Scanner	• • • • • •	Group: ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_STRIN String: ETC01_G2N0_STRING		

To view the string mappings purely as text, click the **View as Text** button. For more details see the **View String Mapping** as Text section.

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Display String use case

Sending a message of "RTA,Support,Rocks" from an ASCII device to the RTA unit. The ASCII Parsing Configuration would look like my example below. There are more detailed examples of what all the fields represent in the ASCII Parsing section.

	ASCII Device 1 (Line1)						
Max Number of Fields: 3		1-50	1-50 Min Number of Fields: 1 1				
	Parsing Delimiter: , 44 0x2c 🗸						
	Update Fields						
Field	Start Location	Length	Dat	ta Type	Internal Tag Name		
1:	1	0	String	~	Header 1		
2:	1	0	String	~	Header 2		
3:	1	0	String	~	Header 3		

The message is broken up into 3 "Groups" or Parsing fields.

Display String			Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line1 Header 1	✓ and a String Header 1 ✓	(3 bytes)	
0000: 52 54 41	RTA		
Display String			Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line1 Header 2	✓ and a String Header 2 ✓	(7 bytes)	
0000: 53 75 70 70 6F 72 74	Support		
Display String			Edit Mapping View as Text
Select a Group Src: Line1 Header 3	✓ and a String Header 3 ✓	(5 bytes)	
0000: 52 6F 63 6B 73	Rocks		

To view the Entire message, click on the Diagnostic drop down, select Diagnostics Info. Select ASCII, click view, select your Port. Whole data will be in the Last Message Sent Diagnostic box.

Diagnostica	Last Messag	ge Sent (1	7 bytes)			
Diagnostics	0000:		1 2C 53	75 70 70	6F 72 74 2C 52 6F 63	6B RTA,Support,Rock
ASCII View Port 1 (DB9) View	0016:	73				5

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Data and String Mapping – Auto-Configure

The Auto-Configure function looks at both protocols and will map the data between the two protocols as best as it can so that all data is mapped. Inputs of like data types will map to outputs of the other protocols like data types first. If a matching data type cannot be found, then the largest available data type will be used. Only when there is no other option is data truncated and mapped into a smaller data type.

If the Auto-Configure function does not map the data as you want or you want to add/modify the mappings, you may do so by going into Manual Configure mode.

The following are examples of the Auto-Configure function.

1) This example shows a common valid setup.



- a. Both Source values were able to be mapped to a corresponding Destination value.
- 2) This example shows how Auto-Configure will make its best guess.

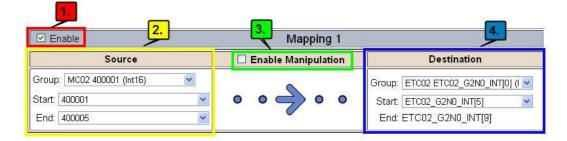
Source	Destination
8-bit Sint	8-bit Sint
16-bit Int	16-bit Int
32-bit Uint	32-bit Uint
32-bit Float	32-bit Uint

 a. The 32-bit Float from the Source location could not find a matching Destination data-type. After all other like data types were mapped, the only data type available was the 2nd 32-bit Uint data type. Auto-Configure was completed even though the data in the Float will be truncated.



Data Mapping – Explanation

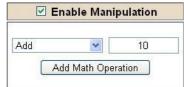
Below are the different parts that can be modified to make up a data mapping.



1) Enable (red box above): Check to enable mapping. If not checked, this mapping is skipped.

2) Source Field (yellow box above):

- a) Group Select the data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
- b) Start This is the starting point for this mapping.
- c) End This is the final point to be included for this mapping.
- 3) Manipulation Area (green box above):
 - a) Enable the Data Manipulation. This can be enabled for any mapping.
 - b) Click Add Math Operation for each operation needed. Up to 3 are allowed unless you are using the Scale, Set Bit, or Invert Bit functions. If using Scale, Set Bit, or Invert Bit, then only 1 operation is allowed.
 - c) Select the Operation(s) to perform.
 - i) Math Operations are performed in the order they are selected.
 - ii) If more than one point is selected on the source, the Math Operations will be performed on every point.
 - d) Enter the value(s) for the operation.



Example of Add (similar for Subtract, Multiple, Divide, and MOD). This will add a value of 10 to the source field before it is written to the destination field.

Enable Manipulation					
	Scale	*			
Src [1	to	10		
Dst 🛛	1	to	100		

Example of Scale. This will scale the source values from 1-10 into 1-100 for the destination.

Enable Manipulation		
Set Bit		~
Src		Dst
1	0	5
	(0-15)	(0-15)

Example of Set Bit (similar to Invert Bit). This will take the value of the Oth source bit and copy it into the value of the 5th destination bit.

- 4) Destination Field (blue box above):
 - a) Group Select the data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) Start This is the starting point for where the data is being stored.
 - c) End The End point is derived from the length of the source and cannot be modified.
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Data Mapping – Adding Diagnostic Information

Data Mapping offers 5 different types of information in addition to any scan lines specified for each protocol.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Only add Diagnostic Information **AFTER** both sides of the gateway have been configured. If changes to either protocol are made after diagnostic information has been added to the mapping table, it is necessary to verify all mappings. Remapping may be necessary.

1) Temporary Ram (Int64)

- a) This offers five levels of 64bit Integer space to assist in multiple stages of math operations. For example, you may wish to scale and then add 5. You can set up a single translation to scale with the destination as the temporary ram. Then another translation to add 5 with the source as the temporary ram.
- b) The gateway will automatically convert the Source to fit the Destination, so there is no need for Int 8, 16, 32 since the 64 may be used for any case.

✓ Enable	Mapping 1				
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination			
	Scale Image: Scale Src 1 to 10 Dst 1 to 100	Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64) Start: Ram1 End: Ram1			
🗹 Enable	Mapping 2				
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination			
	Add S Add Math Operation	Group: Temporary Ram0 (Int64)			

In this example, Ram0 is scaled into Ram1. Ram1 is then increased by 5 and stored into Ram2. Ram0 and Ram2 could be considered a source or destination group.

2) Temporary Ram (Double)

a) This is like the Temporary Ram (Int 64), except manipulations will be conducted against the 64bit floating point to allow for large data.

3) Ticks Per Second

a) The gateway operates at 200 ticks per second. This equates to one tick every 5ms. Thus, mapping this to a destination will give easy confirmation of data flow without involving one of the two protocols. If data stops on the destination end, then the RTA is offline.

Enable Mapping 1				
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination		
Group: Ticks Since Powerup (Uint32) Start: Since Powerup End: Since Powerup	• • -> • •	Group: BS01 Al1 (Float) Start: Al1 Contemporation Al1		

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4) Heartbeat 100ms Update

a) The Heartbeat 100ms Update variable can be used as a heartbeat that updates once every 100ms. The variable starts at 0 on gateway startup and increments by 1 every 100ms. This can be mapped into a destination on one of the available protocols to monitor the gateways connection status. If the value stops updating every 100ms the gateway is offline.

Z Enable	le Mapping 1				
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination			
Group: Heartbeat 100ms Update (Uir ~		Group: ETC01 Heartbeat (Int32) V			
Start: 100ms Update	$\circ \circ \longrightarrow \circ \circ$	Start: Heartbeat 🗸			
End: 100ms Update 🗸		End: Heartbeat			

5) Heartbeat 1000ms Update

a) The Heartbeat 1000ms Update variable can be used as a heartbeat that updates once every 1000ms. The variable starts at 0 on gateway startup and increments by 1 every 1000ms. This can be mapped into a destination on one of the available protocols to monitor the gateways connection status. If the value stops updating every 1000ms the gateway is offline.

Enable Mapping 1				
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination		
Group: Heartbeat 1000ms Update (Ui 🗸		Group: ETC01 Heartbeat (Int32) V		
Start: 1000ms Update V	$\circ \circ \longrightarrow \circ \circ$	Start: Heartbeat		
End: 1000ms Update v		End: Heartbeat		

6) XY_NetBmpStat

a) If a protocol is a Client/Master, there is a Network Bitmap Status that is provided on the Diagnostics Info page under the Variables section.

Modbus RTU Master	
Device Status Connected and Running	
LED Status Connection Status:	Connected
Variables	
Network Bitmap Status:	0x0000001f

- b) Since a Client/Master may be trying to communicate with multiple devices on the network, it may be beneficial to know if a Server/Slave device is down. By using this Network Bitmap Status, you can expose the connection statuses of individual devices. **Values shown are in HEX.**
 - i) 0x0000002 shows that only device 2 is connected
 - ii) 0x00000003 shows that only devices 1 and 2 are connected
 - iii) 0x0000001f shows that all 5 devices are connected (shown in image above)



c) There are multiple ways to map the NetBmpStat.

Option 1: Map the whole 32bit value to a destination. Example below shows the NetBmpStat is going to an Analog BACnet object. Using a connection of 5 Modbus Slave devices Al1 will show a value of 31.0000. Open a calculator with programmer mode and type in 31, this will represent bits 0 - 4 are on. This mean all 5 devices are connected and running.

If using an AB PLC with a Tag defined as a Dint, then expand the tag within your RSlogix software to expose the bit level and define each bit as a description such as device1, device2, etc.

Enable Mapping 1				
Source		Enable Manipulation	Destination	
Group: MM NetBmpStat (Uint32) Start: NetBmpStat	•	• -> • •	Group: BS01 Al1 (Float) Start: Al1	
End: NetBmpStat		 	End: Al1	

Option 2: You can extract individual bits from the NetBmpStat by using the Set Bit Manipulation and map those to a destination. You'll need a mapping for each device you want to monitor. Example below shows Modbus device 2 (out of 5) is being monitor to a BACnet Binary Object. You can define the object in the BACnet Name configuration.

C Enable Mapping 1							
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination					
Group: MM NetBmpStat (Uint32) Start: NetBmpStat End: NetBmpStat	Set Bit Src Dst 1 0 (0-31) (0)	Group: BS01 BI1 (Bit1) Start: BI1 Find: BI1					



7) Status_XY

a) There are two Statuses provided, one for each protocol. This gives access to the overall status of that Protocol. Each Bit has its own meaning as follows:

Commo	on Status:	0x000000FF	(bit 0-7)1 st byte
Hex:	Bit Position:	Decimal:	Explanation:
0x00	0	0	if we are a Slave/Server
0x01	0	1	if we are a Master/Client
0x02	1	2	connected (0 not connected)
0x04	2	4	first time scan
0x08	3	8	idle (usually added to connected)
0x10	4	16	running (usually added to connected)
0x20	5	32	bit not used
0x40	6	64	recoverable fault
0x80	7	128	nonrecoverable fault

For this example, the ETC Status is mapped to a PLC tag called PLC_Status

	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
	PLC to Mod	bus TCP/IP			Modbus TCP/	IP to PLC
	Р	LC	460ETCM	•	Modbus T	CP/IP
Name		Value (Hex)	Manipula	tion Name	Va	lue (Hex)
PLC_Statu	us 19	0x000000	13 🗲 🗲	ETC Status	19	0x00000013
•				•	•	
Example		is 0x00000013 (-		break down	
F	lex E	Bit Decimal	E	planation		
0)x01 0(on) 1	if we a	re a Mas	ter/Client	
0)x02 1(on) 2	connect	ed (O no	t connecte	d)
<u>0</u>)x10 4(on) 16	running	(usuall	y added to	connected)
Т	otal: Ox	13 19				
Extern	al Fault	::	0x00001	F00 (bi	t 8-15)2 ⁿ	^d byte
Hex: B	Bit Posit	ion: <u>Decima</u>	al: <u>Ex</u>	planatio	n:	
0x00	8	0		ocal con		
0x01 0x02	8 9	256 512		emotely emotely		
0x02 0x04	10	-			to depende	ncv
0x08	11	2,04			ue to depe	-
Recove	rable Fa	aults: 0x0	OFF0000 (bit 16-	23)3 rd byt	e
Hex: B	Bit Posit	ion: <u>Decima</u>	al: <u>Ex</u>	planatio	n:	
0x01 0x02	16 17					• timed out • Slave err

1-800-249-1612



Non-Recoverable Faults 0xFF000000 (bit 24-31)4th byte

Hex:	Bit Position	: <u>Decimal</u> :	Explanation:
0x01	24	16,777,216	nonrecoverable fault - task fatal err
0x02	25	33,554,432	nonrecoverable fault - config missing
0x04	26	67,108,864	nonrecoverable fault - bad hardware port
0x08	27	134,217,728	nonrecoverable fault - config err
0x10 0x20	28 29	268,435,456 536,870,912	Configuration Mode No Ethernet Cable Plugged In

For this example, the MC Status is mapped to a PLC tag called MC_Status

PLC to Modbus TCP/IP					Modbus TCP/IP to PLC		
PLC			460ETCMC		Modbus TC	P/IP	
Name	Val	ue (Hex)	Manipulation	Name	Val	ue (Hex)	
MC_Status	<mark>65601</mark>	0x00010041	*	MC Status	65601	0x00010041	

Example: MC Status is 0x00010041 (65601 decimal), here is the break down, we know that bytes 1 and 3 are being used, so here is the break down,

Commoi	n Status	:	
Hex:	<u>Bit:</u>	Decimal:	Explanation:
0x01	0(on)	1	if we are a Master/Client
0x40	6(on)	64	recoverable fault
	erable F		Eveleneties
<u>Hex:</u>	<u>Bit:</u>	<u>Decimal:</u>	Explanation:
0x01	16	65 , 536	recoverable fault - timed
0x01004	41	65,601	

Total:



String Mapping – Explanation

Below are the different parts that can be modified to make up a string mapping.

String data types can only be mapped to other string data types. There is no manipulation that can be done on the string.

Enable	3.	
Source	Destination	
Group: Line 1 Barcode Scanner		Group: ETC01 ETC01_G2N0_STRIN♥ String: ETC01_G2N0_STRING ♥

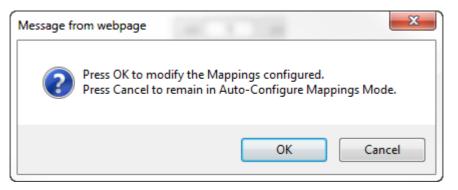
- 1) Enable (red box above): Check to enable mapping. If not checked, this mapping is skipped.
- 2) Source Field (yellow box above):
 - a) Group Select the string data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) String This is the string used for this mapping.
- 3) Destination Field (green box above):
 - a) Group Select the string data group you set up in the protocol config to use for this mapping.
 - b) String This is the string where the data is being stored.



Mapping - Auto-Configure Mode to Manual Configure Mode

To transition from Auto-Configure Mapping Mode to Manual Configure Mode, click the dropdown at the top of the Mapping Configuration page and select Manual Configure.

After you click this button, you will be prompted to confirm if this is really what you want to do.



Click **OK** to proceed to Manual Configure Mode or click **Cancel** to remain in Auto-Configure Mappings Mode.

Once OK is clicked, there are 2 options on how to proceed from here.

Message from webpage	x
Press OK to keep the current Mapping Press Cancel to Delete all Mappings.	s.
OK	cel

- 1) To keep the mappings that are already configured press **OK**.
 - a) You would want this option if you are adding additional mappings or you want to modify the mapping(s) that already exist.
- 2) To delete the mappings that are already there and start over press **Cancel**.

To modify the number of mappings, enter a number in the text field next to **# of Mappings to Configure** and click the **Set Max # of Mappings** button. You can always add more mappings if needed.



Mapping – Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mode

To transition from Manual Configure Mode to Auto-Configure Mapping Mode, click the dropdown menu at the top of the Mapping Configuration page and select Auto-Configure Mappings.

Message fr	rom webpage
?	Press OK to delete the current Mappings and go back to Auto-Configure Mappings mode. Press Cancel to keep Mappings and remain in current Mode.
	OK Cancel

Click **OK** to proceed to delete all current mappings and go back to Auto-Configure Mappings Mode. Click **Cancel** to keep all mappings and remain in Manual Configure Mode.

NOTE: Once you revert to Auto-Configure Mapping Mode there is no way to recover the mappings you lost. Any mappings you previously have added will be deleted as well.



View as Text

Data Mapping

The View as Text page displays the point to point mapping(s) you set up in the Data Mapping section. This will also display any manipulation(s) that are configured.

Each line on this page will read as follows:

Mapping number: source point **Len**: Number of points mapped -> manipulation (if blank then no manipulation) -> destination point

If you are looking for a specific point to see if it is mapped, you can do a find in this text box for your point in question. Example: you defined 20 Registers starting at register 1 and want to see if 400011 is mapped. If it is not in this text box, then it is not mapped, and no data will be transferred.

This is the text display for the example shown under the *Data Mapping-Adding Diagnostic Information* section.

Data Mapping							
Mapping 1: Mapping 2:	Temporary RamO Temporary Ram1) 1:100 -> Temporary Ram2	Temporary Ram1	

String Mapping

The View as Text page displays the string mapping(s) you set up in the String Mapping section.

Each line on this page will read as follows:

Mapping number: source point -> **Copy** -> destination point

If you are looking for a specific point to see if it is mapped, you can do a find in this text box for your point in question. Example: you defined 20 String Tags in the PLC and want to see if "Test_String" in the Logix PLC is mapped. If it is not in this text box, then it is not mapped, and no data will be transferred.

String Mapping						
Mapping 1:	Logix Test_String	-> Copy ->	MCO2 400001			

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Base Triggering – Data Validiation Triggering

With Base Triggering, you will be marking data as "Invalid" and force RTA Master/Controller/Client protocols to read all the read data points sources until ALL source protocols data is valid. You will be able to utilize the Handshake to map over to Technology Trigger and/or back over to your source protocol for reference.

How does this work?

- 1) Map the Triggering Variable (Source) over to Trigger # (Dest).
- 2) If Trigger # value changes states mark all Trigger # protocols read data as "Invalid".
- 3) Read all source read data points until ALL source read data is valid.
- 4) Handshake # value is set equal to Trigger # value.
- 5) Map Handshake # to reference data point. Note: # is an internal reference to the Server/Slave number you are settings up. ex. RTA Server/Slave products can only be Trigger 1 and Handshake 1 since we are only 1 device. If RTA is a Master/Client, then you can have a Trigger# for each server/slave connected too.

How do you set this up?

In this example I'm using a 460MCBS. My Building Automation System wants to verify that all data read from Modbus TCP/IP Server is valid.

1) Add an extra Analog Output for your Trigger. This tells the RTA to mark all data invalid.

Write Data Groups (BACnet/IP to 460MCBS)											
	Data Group Object Type Starting Object # of Objects										
	1	Analog Output (32 Bit Float)	1	21							
	2	Binary Output	1	0							
	3	CharacterString Value	51	0							

a) You can define AI21 as your validation name in the Setup BACnet Names Configuration.

		Setup BACn	et Names, Units, and	ICOV		
21	G01 🗸	Data Validation Trigger	Other 🗸	no-units	~	1.000000

2) Add another Analog Input as reference for when data has been validated. When you write from AO21 to validate data, the RTA will reply to AI40 saying "validation complete".

Data Group	Object Type	Starting Object	# of Objects
1	Analog Input (32 Bit Float)	1	40
2	Binary Input	1	0
3	CharacterString Value	1	0



40	G01 🗸	Data Validation Result	Other 🗸	no-units 🗸 🗸	1.000000

- 3) Within the Data Mapping page manually add 2 additional mappings.
- 4) The first mapping is going to be the Data Validation Triggering. AO21 will write to the RTA, MC Trigger 1 will mark data invalid.

C Enable	Mapping 2	
Source	Enable Manipulation	Destination
Group: BS01 AO1 (Float)		Group: MC Trigger 0 (Uint16)
Start: A021		Start: Trigger 1 🗸
End: AO21		End: Trigger 1

5) The second mapping, the MC Handshake will increment that all data is validated and write to Al21 "all data is validated". The value of Al40 and AO21 should be the same.

C Enable			Мар	ping	3		
Source		Enat	ole Manij	oulat	ion	Destination	
Group: MC Handshake 0 (Uint16)						Group: BS01 Al1 (Float)	
Start: Handshake 1	•	0	$ \Rightarrow $	0	0	Start: AI40 🗸	
End: Handshake 1						End: AI40	



Security Configuration

To setup security on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Security Configuration**. You can configure Security for 3 administrators, 5 users, and 1 guest.

THIS IS NOT A TOTAL SECURITY FEATURE

The security feature offers a way to password protect access to diagnostics and configuration on the network. The security feature does not protect against "Air Gap" threats. If the gateway can be physically accessed, security can be reset. All security can be disabled if physical contact can be made. From the login page, click the Reset Password button twice. You will be forced to do a hard reboot (power down) on the gateway within 15 minutes of clicking the button. This process should be used in the event a password is forgotten.

Note: Only Admins have configuration access to all web pages.

- Log Out Timer: The system will automatically log inactive users off after this period of time.
 NOTE: A time of 0 means that the user will not be automatically logged off. Instead, they must manually click the Logout button.
- 2) Username: Enter a username, max of 32 characters.
- 3) Password: Enter a password for the username, max of 32 characters, case sensitive.
 - a. Re-enter the Password
- 4) E-mail: In case the password was forgotten, a user can have their password e-mailed to them if e-mail was configured.
- 5) Hint: A helpful reminder of what the password is.

	nfiguration				
Admin	Username	Password	Re-enter Password	Email	Hint
1				Not Configured	
2 [Not Configured	
3				Not Configured	
ser Con	figuration	Admi	in Contact Informatio	סח	
	figuration Username	Admi	in Contact Information Re-enter Password	Email	Hint
			Re-enter		Hint
User			Re-enter	Email	Hint
User 1 [Re-enter	Email Not Configured	Hint
User 1 [2 [Re-enter	Email Not Configured Not Configured	Hint

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Security Configuration-Security Levels

Each webpage in the gateway can have a separate security level associated with it for each user.

Security Levels:

- 1) Full Access: Capability to view and configure a web page.
- 2) View Access: Capability to view a web page, but cannot configure parameters.
- 3) **No Access**: No capability of viewing the web page and page will be removed from Navigation.

Jser 1: Jser 2:	Web Page	Security	
User 3: User 4: User 5:	All Web Pages	No Access 👻 Set	
Guest	Web Page	Security	
	Main Page	Full Access 💌	
	Device Configuration	Full Access 👻	
	Port Configuration	Full Access 💌	
	BACnet/IP Server	Full Access 👻	
	Modbus RTU Master	Full Access 💌	
	View Mapping	Full Access 👻	
	Mapping	Full Access 💌	
	Setup LED's	Full Access 💙	
	Diagnostic Info	Full Access 💌	
	Logging	Full Access 💙	
	Display Data	Full Access 💌	
	Export Configuration	Full Access 💙	
	Import Configuration	Full Access 💌	
	Save As Template	Full Access 💙	
	Load From Template	Full Access 💌	
	Utilities	Full Access 😽	
	Email Configuration	Full Access ⊻	
	Alarm Configuration	Full Access 😽	
	String Mapping	Full Access 💌	
	View String Mapping	Full Access 👻	
	Display String	Full Access 💙	

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Security - Log In

Username: Name of the user to login.

Password: Password of the user to login.

Log In: If login is successful, the user will be redirected to the Main Page.

Send Password to Email: Sends the specified User's Password to the email configured for that user.

Display Hint: Displays the hint specified for the User if one was set up.

Reset Password: This is used to reset security settings. Confirm reset password must be selected to confirm this action. Once confirmed, there is a 15 minute window to do a hard reset of the gateway by physically removing and restoring power from the gateway. Once power is restored, you may navigate to the IP address of the gateway as normal.

	ation Description
Username:	Admin
Password:	
Display Hint	Log In Reset Password

Security - Log Out

Once a user is done with a session they may click **logout** at the top of any page. The user may also be logged out for inactivity based off of the Log Out Timer specified during the configuration.



Closing the browser is not sufficient to log out.



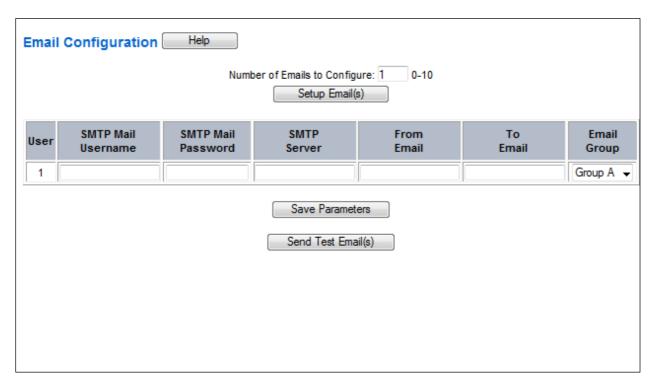
Email Configuration

To setup e-mails on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Email Configuration**.

You can configure up to 10 email addresses.

- 1) SMTP Mail Username: The email address that the SMTP server has set up to use.
- 2) SMTP Mail Password: If authentication is required, enter the SMTP Server's password (Optional).
- 3) SMTP Server: Enter the Name of the SMTP Server or the IP Address of the Server.
- 4) From E-mail: Enter the e-mail that will show up as the sender.
- 5) To E-mail: Enter the e-mail that is to receive the e-mail.
- 6) E-mail Group: Choose a group for the user. This is used in other web pages.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes and reboot the gateway.





Alarm Configuration

To setup alarms on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Alarm Configuration**.

1) Alarm Delay upon Powerup: At Powerup, the gateway will have values of '0' stored for all data. This may cause alarms to trigger before these values are updated by the mating protocols. Set this field to provide needed time to update fields before considering values for alarms.

Alarm Configuration				Help
	Alarm Delay	upon Powerup:	0 0-3600 s	
	# of Alarm	is to Configure: Set Max #Ala	1 0-100 arms	
		< <u>1</u>		
☑ Enable	-	1	Alarm 1	
Data Point	Set Error	Clear Error	Alarm Name	Email
Ticks Since Powerup (Uint32) Ticks Since Powerup	>= 👻	None 💌	Gateway_test	Group A
2				

- 2) Enter the number of alarms to configure and click **Set Max # Alarms** to generate those lines.
- 3) In the Data Point Section:
 - a. Top dropdown: select the Data Group. This dropdown menu will contain all groups that go from the gateway to the network.
 - b. Lower dropdown: select the Data Point's Specific Point. This is used to select which point in the group will be monitored for alarms.
- 4) In the Set Error Section:
 - a. Select the Set Error Operation in the top dropdown menu. Available options are <, >, <=, >=,
 !=, ==, and Change of State (COS). This is the operation that will be used to compare the
 Data Point value against the Error Value to determine if the alarm needs to be set.
 - b. Select the Set Error Value. This value is used as: 'Data Point's Value' 'Operation' 'Value.' Ex: Ticks Since Powerup >= 1000. This will set the alarm after 1000 ticks have elapsed since the unit powered up.



- 5) In the Clear Error Section:
 - a. Select the Clear Error Operation. Available options are <, >, <=, >=, !=, ==, and Change of State (COS). This is the operation that will be used to compare the Data Point value against the Error Value to determine if the alarm needs to be cleared.
 - b. Select the Clear Error Value.
 -Ex: Ticks Since Powerup >= 5000. This will clear the alarm after 5000 ticks have elapsed since the unit powered up.
- 6) Enter an Alarm Name. This will make the alarm unique and will be available in the Alarm Status page as well as in the email generated by the alarm.
- 7) Select an email to associate this alarm with. When an alarm is set, it sends an email. When an alarm is cleared, it will also send an email.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes to memory and reboot the gateway.



Diagnostics – Alarm Status

Alarm Status will only display under the Diagnostic menu tab if at least 1 Alarm is enabled.

- 1) # Alarms Enabled: This is a count of enabled alarms.
- 2) # Alarms Active: This is how many alarms are presently active (set).
- 3) Last Active Alarm: This is the last alarm that the gateway detected.
- 4) Clear # of Times Active: This will reset all alarms '# of Times Active' to 0.
- 5) Alarm #: The reference number to the given alarm on the alarm setup page.
- 6) Name: The name of the alarm.
- 7) Status: The current status of the alarm, either OK or ALARM.
- 8) # of Times Active: This count represents the number of times this alarm has become active. If an alarm is triggered, this count will increment.

Alarm Statu	IS			
# Alarms Enabled:		1		
# Alarms Active:		0		
Last Active	Alarm:			
				r # of Times Active
	Alarm#	Name	Status	# of Times Active
	1	Alarm Example	OK	0

Alarms - Active

While one or more alarms are active, every page will display 'Alarms Active' at the top of the page. This will no longer be displayed if all active alarms have been cleared.



When an alarm is activated, the following will occur:

- 1) A one-time notification will be sent out to the email associated with the alarm.
- 2) For duplicate emails to occur, the alarm must be cleared and then become active again.
- 3) # Alarms Active and # of Times Active will be incremented.
- 4) Status of the Individual Alarm will be set to Alarm.
- 5) *Last Active Alarm* field will be populated with details on what triggered the alarm. Real Time Automation, Inc. 72 1-800-249-1612



Alarm Statu	S			
# Alarms En	abled:	1		
# Alarms Active:		1		
Last Active	Alarm:	Alarm 1 is Set: Actual: (0 < Limit: 20	
				Clear # of Times Active
	Alarm#	Name	Status	# of Times Active
	1	Alarm Example	Alarm	1

Alarms – Clear

When an alarm is cleared, the following will occur:

- 1) A one-time notification will be sent to the email associated with the alarm.
 - a. For duplicate emails to occur, the alarm must become active and then be cleared again.
- 2) Total # Alarms Active will decrement. Last Active Alarm will not be changed.
- 3) Status of the Individual Alarm will be reset to OK.



Change of State (COS) Configuration

To access the configuration files in the 460 gateway, navigate to dropdown **Other->COS Configuration**. The gateway, by default only writes when data has changed. The gateway also waits to write any data to the destination until the source protocol is successfully connected.

Default values should fit most applications. Change these values with caution as they affect performance.

-	.) Stale Data Timer: If the data has not changed within the time allocated in this Stale Data Timer,
	the data will be marked as stale within the gateway and will force a write request to occur. This
	timer is to be used to force cyclic updates in the gateway, since data will only be written if it has
	changed by default. There is a separate timer per data mapping.
	Gateway behavior:
	 If time = 0s => (DEFAULT) The gateway will write out new values on a Change of State basis.
	 If time > 0s => The gateway will write out new values whenever the timer expires to force cyclic updates (write every x seconds).
2	Production Inhibit Timer: Amount of time after a Change of State write request has occurred
	before allowing a new Change of State to be written. This is to be used to prevent jitter. Default
	value is 0ms. This timer takes priority over the Stale Data Timer. There is a separate timer per
	data mapping. This timer is active only after the first write goes out and the first COS event
	occurs.
3	B) Writes Before Reads: If multiple writes are queued, execute # of Writes Before Reads before the
	next read occurs. Default is 10 and should fit most applications.
	Warning: A value of 0 here may starve reads if a lot of writes are queued. This may be useful in
	applications where a burst of writes may occur and you want to guarantee they all go out before
	the next set of reads begin.
4	Reads Before Writes: If multiple writes are queued, the # of Writes Before Reads will occur
	before starting the # of Reads Before Writes. Once the # of Reads Before Writes has occurred,
	the counter for both reads and write will be reset. Default is 1 and should fit most applications.
	5) Enable Data Integrity : If enabled, do not execute any write requests to the destination until the
4	source data point is connected and communicating. This prevents writes of 0 upon power up. Enable Mark Whole Entry New : If Enabled, mark the entire scan line or data group new upon 1
C	data element within the scan line or data group to be new.
ſ	Change of State Configuration Help
	Stale Data Timer: 0 0-3600 s
	Production Inhibit Timer: 00-60000 ms
	Writes Before Reads: 10 0-255
	Reads Before Writes: 1 1-255
	Enable Data Integrity: 🗹 Enable Mark Whole Entry New: 🗔
	Save Parameters

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes to memory and reboot the gateway.



Diagnostics Info

The Diagnostics page is where you can view both protocols' diagnostics information, # of Data Mappings, # of String Mapping and # Alarm Mappings.

~
•

For protocol specific diagnostic information, refer to the next few pages.

Diagnostics Mapping

This section displays the number of mappings that are enabled, Data Mapping and String Mapping will show the # of Errors and First Errors. Alarms will show # active and Last Alarm that was active.

Common Errors:

- Destination or Source Point does not exist

 a) Solution: Re-map the mapping
- 2) Source or Destination Pointer too small
 - a) There is not enough space on either the Source, or the Destination for the data you want to copy. This is typically seen when the Destination is smaller than the amount of data being transferred to it.
- 3) Range Discard, Min or Max Value
 - a) The actual data value is outside of the defined range
- 4) Math Error
 - a) Operation value cannot be 0
- 5) Scaling Error
 - a) Source Min must be smaller than Source Max
 - b) Destination Min must be smaller than Destination Max

Data Mapping # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:	5 of 5 0
String Mapping # Enabled: # of Errors: First Error:	2 of 2 0
Alarms # Enabled: # Active: Last Active:	3 0

Note: you can also view this information on the Main Page.



Diagnostics – Modbus TCP/IP Server

Select the **Modbus TCP/IP Server** in the dropdown menu on the Diagnostics Page to view a breakdown of the diagnostics and common strings that are displayed on the page. Additional diagnostic information can be found by clicking the **Help** button.

Diagnostics	
Modbus TCP/IP Server View View	Clear All Values
Device Status Configuration Mode Gateway Restart Needed	Help

NOTE: This page will auto-refresh every five seconds with the latest data.

Clear All Values - This will only affect displayed values.

- 1) This will reset all displayed values back to zero.
- 2) If viewing Modbus TCP/IP Server, this will only clear the values for the Modbus TCP/IP Server section of the gateway.

Device Status

Configuration Mode... Gateway Restart Needed

1) Connected - A Modbus TCP/IP client has a connection for the gateway.

Device Status

- 2) Not Connected:
 - a) Ethernet Cable not plugged in.
 - b) The Modbus TCP/IP client has not initiated communication to the gateway.
 - c) The Modbus TCP/IP client has not communicated to the gateway in "x" milliseconds, where "x" is the inactivity timeout specified in the Modbus TCP/IP Server Configuration.

LED Status:

LED Status	
Connection Status:	Configuration Mode

- 1) Solid Green (Connected and Running) The gateway is connected to a Modbus TCP/IP client and communicating as expected.
- 2) Flashing Green (Connection not yet attempted) The Modbus TCP/IP client has never attempted to connect to the gateway.
- 3) Flashing Red (Nodes Missing Timeout) The gateway has lost a connection to the Modbus TCP/IP client.
- 4) Off:
 - a) No power.



b) No Ethernet cable plugged in.

Variables:

Variables	
FC01 Read Coil Status:	0
FC02 Read Input Status:	0
FC03 Read Holding Registers:	0
FC04 Read Input Registers:	0
FC05 Force Single Coil:	0
FC06 Preset Single Register:	0
FC15 Force Multiple Coils:	0
FC16 Preset Multiple Registers:	0
FC23 Read/Write 4X Registers:	0
Successful Responses Sent:	0
Error Responses Sent:	0
Timeout, TCP Closed:	0
TCP Connections Open:	0

- 1) FC01 Read Coil Status Modbus Function Code 1: Number of Read Coil Status requests received.
- 2) FC02 Read Input Status Modbus Function Code 2: Number of Read Input Status requests received.
- 3) FC03 Read Holding Registers Modbus Function Code 3: Number of Read Holding Registers requests received.
- 4) FC04 Read Input Registers Modbus Function Code 4: Number of Read Input Registers requests received.
- 5) FC05 Force Single Coil Modbus Function Code 5: Number of Write Coil Status requests received.
- 6) FC06 Preset Single Register Modbus Function Code 6: Number of Write Holding Register requests received.
- 7) FC15 Force Multiple Coils Modbus Function Code 15: Number of Write Multiple Coil Status requests received.
- 8) FC16 Preset Multiple Registers Modbus Function Code 16: Number of Write Multiple Holding Register requests received.
- 9) FC23 Read/Write 4X Register Modbus Function Code 23: Number of Read/Write Holding Registers requests received.
- 10) Successful Responses Sent Total number of Read/Write messages sent by the gateway.
- 11) Error Responses Sent Total number of Read/Write errors sent by the gateway.
- 12) Timeouts TCP Closed Total number of Read/Write timeouts that cause the Modbus TCP/IP connection to close.
- 13) TCP Connections Open Number of Modbus TCP/IP connections that have been opened to the gateway.



Diagnostic – MQTT Client

Select the MQTT Client in the dropdown menu on the Diagnostic page to view the breakdown of the diagnostics and common strings that are display on the page. You may also view the individual MQTT device counters by selecting the device in the All Devices drop down and clicking **View**.

NOTE: This page will auto-refresh every five seconds.

Diagnostics			
MQTT Client	View	(Clear All Values
All Devices View			
All Devices		ſ	Help
AWS QT01 ode	. Gateway Restart Needed		
с. — г	Diagnostics		
	MQTT ClientViewAll DevicesView		
	Device Status Configuration Mode Gateway Restar LED Status Connection Status:	t Needed Configuration Mode	

Clear All Values: This will only affect the Variables values.

• This will return all values displayed to zero.

Device Status: This will only display when viewing All Devices. **Connected:** All Devices configured/enabled are communicating

Not Connected: Fatal Error No Configuration

- No Devices that have been configured are enabled
- No Devices that have been configured and enabled have topics configured

Not Connected: Dependency Protocol is Faulted

The Dependency Protocol has Faulted

Error: Timeout

- One or more enabled devices are missing
- Verify MQTT broker for correct IP address.



LED Status

Solid Green (Connected):

- The gateway is connected to all the MQTT devices that are configured and enabled **Flashing Green (Not Connected):**
 - No MQTT devices are configured / enabled. Go to the MQTT Client Device Configuration to configure a device

Flashing Red (Not Connected):

- One or more of the MQTT brokers configured are missing (nodes missing)
- One or more of the MQTT brokers configured do not have topics configured
- The Dependency Protocol has faulted

Flashing Red (Communication not attempted yet):

• No topics are configured and data needed for writes isn't valid yet

Solid Red (Invalid Configuration):

- No devices are enabled
- One or more of the MQTT devices have a conflicted IP address

Off:

- No Power
- No Ethernet cable connected

Variables: These are the values for all servers, or the specific server selected.

Variables	
Network Bitmap Status:	0x0000000
Published Messages to MQTT:	0
Published Messages from MQTT:	0
Subscribed Messages Actual:	0
Subscribed Messages Expected:	0

Network Bitmap Status (Displayed in Hex):

- Each bit corresponds to a MQTT device. If the bit is set, the MQTT device is connected, otherwise the bit is 0.
- Bit 0 corresponds to MQTT device 1 and Bit 2 is for MQTT device 3 and so on.

Published Messages to MQTT:

• Number of Write Topics which have been sent to the MQTT broker

Published Messages from MQTT:

- Number of Read Topics which have been sent from the MQTT broker to the gateway **Subscribed Messages Actual:**
 - Number of Successful Subscribed Topics
 - This should equal the Subscribed Messages Expected

Subscribed Messages Expected:

• Number of Subscribed Topics that the gateway should have open



LED Configuration

To modify the behavior of the LEDs on the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Setup LEDs**.

OTH	IER	
	-Select-	~
	-Select-	
	Setup LED's	
		-

Each LED may be set to Disabled, Protocol 1, or Protocol 2. If either protocol is a master/client, you may set the LED to represent either all slaves/servers configured in the gateway or a slave/server device.

To select a slave/server device:

- 1) Select the protocol in the left dropdown menu.
- 2) Click **Save Parameters** to generate the second dropdown menu.
- 3) Select the individual slave/server in the right dropdown menu.

Click the **Save Parameters** button to commit the changes and reboot the gateway.

LED Configuration		
	LED 1 Modbus RTU Master: Connection Status V LED 2 BACnet/IP Server: Connection Status V	All Slave's 🗸
	Save Parameters	



Configuration Files

To access the configuration file in the 460 gateway, select the dropdown Other->Export/Import Config.

ОТН	ER	
	-Select-	
	-Select-	
	Setup LED's	
	Export / Import Config 📐	
	Export / Import Template	
	Utilities	

Export Configuration

Export Configuration		
	Save Configuration to File	

The Export Configuration allows you to save your configuration file for backup or to be imported into another gateway. This file is named *rta_cfg.rtax* by default.

Upon clicking the **Save Configuration to File** button, you will be prompted to select a location to save the file. Different web browsers will yield different looks.

What do you want to do with rta_cfg.rtax? From: 10.1.16.106	Open	Save	^	Cancel	\times

Import Configuration

You can import a previously exported configuration file or a configuration file from another device into the 460 gateway, whenever it is in Configuration Mode.

Upon clicking the **Choose File** button, you will be prompted to select a location from which to load the saved file. Once the location is selected, you can choose the **Import Network Settings** checkbox if you want to load the network settings of the configuration file or just load the configuration without the network setting.

If you choose to Import Network Settings, this will override your current gateway's network setting with the settings in the configuration file. After you click on the Load Configuration button, a banner will display your gateway's new IP address.

Network Settings have changed. Manually enter IP Address of X.X.X.X in the URL.

If the configuration has successfully loaded, the gateway will indicate that it was successful, and a message will appear under the Load Configuration button indicating Restart Needed.



Import Configuration		
	Choose File No file chosen	
□ Import Network Settings		
	Load Configuration	

If it encountered an error while trying to load the saved configuration, the gateway will indicate the first error it found and a brief description about it under the Load Configuration button. Contact RTA Support with a screenshot of this error to further troubleshoot.



Save and Replace Configuration Using SD Card

Saving Configuration Using SD Card

This function saves the gateway's configuration automatically to an SD Card each time the gateway is rebooted via the **Restart Now** button on the web page. If this unit should fail in the future, the last configuration stored on the SD card and can be used for a new gateway to get the application back up and running quickly.

This SD Card replaces every configurable field in the gateway, **EXCEPT** for IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway.

Replacing Configuration Using SD Card

To replace a configuration in a gateway using the SD Card, a specific sequence of events must be followed for the replacement to happen correctly:

- 1) Extract SD Card from gateway you wish to copy the configuration from.
- 2) Power up the gateway you wish to copy the configuration to. DO NOT INSERT SD CARD YET.
- 3) Navigate to the webpage inside the unit.
- 4) Navigate to the dropdown **Other->Utilities**.
- 5) If you are not currently in *Mode: Configuration*, go into Configuration Mode by clicking the **Configuration Mode** button at the top left-hand side of the screen.
- 6) Press the **Revert to Manufacturing Defaults** button on the Utilities Page. The Configuration will ONLY be replaced by the SD Card if the gateway does not have a configuration already in it.
- 7) When the unit comes back in *Mode: Running,* insert the SD Card.
- 8) Do a hard power cycle to the unit by unplugging power. DO NOT RESET POWER VIA WEB PAGES.
 - a. It will take an additional 30 seconds for the unit to power up while it is transferring the configuration. During this time, the gateway cannot be accessed via the web page.
- 9) When the unit comes back up, the configuration should be exactly what was on the SD Card.



Intelligent Reset Button

If the IP Address of the gateway is forgotten or is unknown, there is an easy way to recover the IP Address using a reset button on the hardware.



- 1) On the front of the gateway below the Power LED, there is a small pinhole. Using a paperclip, press the button through this pinhole and hold the button for at least 5 seconds.
- 2) After 5 seconds, the unit will acknowledge the command and LED 1 and LED 2 will start an alternate Blink Green quickly pattern.
- 3) Release the button and the gateway will reset both Ethernet ports to default IP settings (DHCP).



Utilities

To access the Utilities page in the 460 gateway, navigate to **Other->Utilities**. The Utilities screen displays information about the gateway including Operation Time, File System Usage, Memory Usage, and Memory Block Usage.

OTHER

	-Select-
	-Select-
	Setup LED's
	Export / Import Config
	Export / Import Template
	Utilities
	Time Configuration
	Email Configuration
1	Security Configuration
	Alarm Configuration
	COS Configuration

Here you can also:

- View the full revision of the software.
- View all the files stored in the Flash File System within the gateway.
- Identify your device by clicking the **Start Flashing LEDs** button. By clicking this button, the two diagnostic LEDs will flash red and green. Once you have identified which device you are working with, click the button again to put the LEDs back into running mode.
- Configure the size of the log through the Log Configuration.
- Bring the device back to its last power up settings.
- Bring the device back to its original manufacturing defaults.
- Remove the Configuration File and Flash Files within the gateway.

Revisions	
	Listing of Revisions
File List	
	File List
Identify Device	
	Start Flashing LED's
o	
Set Up Log	Log Configuration
	Log Configuration
Revert To Last Powerup	
	Revert to Last Powerup
Revert All	
	Revert to Manufacturing Defaults
Reformat Flash	
resonar haon	Reformat Flash